

Canonum De Lex Divina

Canons of Divine Law

To the reader

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I. Introductory provisions

1.1 Divine Law

Article 1 - Canons of Divine Law

- i. By Right, Power and Authority of Article 89 of Pactum De Singularis Caelum, also known as the Covenant of One Heaven these pronouncements of law known collectively as Canonum De Lex Divina and also known as the Canons of Divine Law are hereby promulgated in the original form of Ucadian Language; and
- ii. The Canonum De Lex Divina represents the primary, one and only true first canon of Divine Law. Excluding the Covenant of One Heaven, all other laws, claims and agreements claiming standards of Divine Law shall be secondary and inferior to the Canonum De Lex Divina ab initio (from the beginning); and
- iii. These Canons of Divine Law may be taken in official original document form and spoken form to represent one complete set of the twenty-two (22) Canons of law known collectively as Astrum Iuris Divini Canonum, also known as Living Body of Divine Canon Law and the highest of all Original Law; and
- iv. When referring to these Canons of Divine Law collectively it may also be taken both in printed form and spoken word that we mean this complete and accurate set of laws as the highest of all Original Law; and
- v. In accordance with these Canons of Divine Law, the Society of One Heaven also known as the One Heaven Society of United Spirits, also known as the Holy See of United Spirits, also known as The Holy Society reserves all rights to itself; and
- vi. As all rights are reserved, no translation, copy, citation, duplication, registration in part or whole implies any transfer or conveyance of these rights; and
- vii. When part or all of these laws is presented or spoken in any language other than the Official Ucadian Languages, it may be taken as a translation and not the primary language. Therefore, any secondary meaning implying deficiency, claimed abrogation of any right or any other defect of a word in a translated language shall be null and void ab initio (from the beginning); and
- viii. When referring to these Canons of Divine Law collectively it may also be taken that the primary and original form of these laws resides as a supernatural spiritual document registered in Heaven first and a physical document registered in the Great Register and Public Record of One Heaven upon the Earth second. Therefore, wherever an official and valid form of these laws is present in physical form, it shall be bound to its spiritual form, from which it derives its spiritual power and authenticity; and
- ix. Let no man, woman, spirit or officer of a lesser society place themselves in grave dishonor of Divine Law, Natural Law and the Living Law upon denying the validity of these canons of law. Having been warned, any act in defiance of these laws shall have no effect and any spiritual invocation in opposition to the validity of these laws shall be immediately returned upon the maker. As it is written, so be it.

Article 2 - Astrum Iuris Divini Canonum

Canon 1

A law is not a canon, but a false or lesser positive law unless it follows this law and belongs to the body of laws known as Astrum Iuris Divini Canonum in accordance with Pactum De Singularis Caelum.

Canon 2

A law is a rule, derived from divine instruction, scientific discovery, agreement, customs or practices over time enjoining or prohibiting certain action.

Canon 3

A canon means "rule, bar, norm, maxim, measure or standard". Therefore, valid Canon Law is equal to the highest standard law and to "rule of law" and may be described as simply as The Law.

Canon 4

A valid canon law neither abrogates nor derogates from the Covenant of One Heaven (Pactum De Singularis Caelum).

Canon 5

When anyone references, writes or speaks of "rule of law" or the Law in general, it shall mean these canons and no other.

Canon 6

All are equal under the Law and subject to the Law. Any law that attempts to abrogate this fact is null and void ab initio and is not a valid canon law.

Article 3 - The Divine

Canon 7

The Divine means the total collection of meaning and definition of all objects, matter, rules, life, mind, universe and spirit also known as the Absolute, the ALL, the IS, the Unique Collective Awareness, UCADIA and other historic names when used to describe the greatest of all possibilities.

Canon 8

As the Divine means the set of all sets, there is nothing greater. Therefore, everything else is lesser.

Canon 9

The highest law of all law is Divine Law, then Natural Law, then Cognitive Law, then Positive Law. The totality of this law as expressed through valid canons is The Law.

Canon 10

Divine Law is the law that defines the Divine and clearly demonstrates the spirit, mind, purpose and instruction of the Divine including the operation of the will of the Divine through existence. Therefore all valid law may be said to be derived from Divine Law.

Canon 11

Natural Law is the law that defines the operation of the will of the Divine through its existence in the form of matter and physical rules. As Natural Laws define the operation and existence of the physical universe, all valid Positive Law may be said to be derived from Natural Law.

Canon 12

Positive Law are the laws enacted by men and women through proper authority in accordance with these canons for the governance of a society. Positive Law ultimately refers to physical objects and living beings; All valid Positive Law may be said to be derived from Natural Law and Cognitive Law.

Canon 13

A Positive Law cannot abrogate, suspend, nor change a Cognitive Law or Natural Law. Nor is it possible for a Cognitive Law or Natural Law to abrogate, suspend or change a Divine Law.

Canon 14

A Natural Law cannot be written or created, only discovered. A Divine Law cannot be written or created, only instructed by Divine Grace in accordance with these canons.

Article 4 - The Law

Canon 15

The Law in name, vow or oath refers to this body of valid canon law and no other.

Canon 16

When a rule is in accordance with the Law, then it may be legitimately considered a law, having the full force and effect of the Law. However, when a rule is against the Law, it has neither force nor effect of Law.

Canon 17

A Divine Law or a Natural Law is established ab initio (from the beginning), regardless of its first date of promulgation.

Canon 18

A Divine Law or Natural Law is its own proof and evidence in accordance with these canons.

Canon 19

A Positive Law is established and takes force when it is promulgated in accordance with these canons.

Canon 20

Particular laws are promulgated in the manner determined by the legislator and begin to take effect fourteen (14) days after the day of promulgation unless the Law itself establishes another time period.

Canon 21

Any law presently in force which is contrary to the prescript of a valid canon is therefore reprobate, suppressed and not permitted to be revived.

Canon 22

Laws regard the present and future, not the past, unless they expressly provide for the past.

Article 5 - Divine Law

Canon 23

Divine Law may be defined by seven (7) Systems and one (1) State of Being. The seven (7) Systems are Classification, Symbols, Semantics, Elements and Properties, Language, Axioms and Spirit. The one (1) State of Being (Mind) is Unique Collective Awareness.



II. Divine Systems

2.1 Divine Systems of Classification, Symbols & Semantics

Article 6 - Divine System of Classification

Canon 24

The Divine System of Classification is based on several primary components being objects and concepts called DA and their associated attributes that modify them called MODIFIERS, bridge associations between concepts and objects called RELATORS, associations that bridge between DA and MODIFIERS and/or RELATORS called ASSOCIATORS and tense/perspective called TENSORS. All these components are used to construct a rich possible variety of combined meaningful statements called DIA.

Canon 25

All components of the Divine Classification System are based on the:

- (1) consistent classification of Concepts and real world objects to one DA; and
- (2) the classification of DA to one or more SETS. A real world object is anything that can be measured in some way and is recognized as having both a unique existence and unique identification. A concept is anything that can be described as having a theoretical existence, but cannot be proven as yet to have a measurable real world existence.

Canon 26

Concepts and real world objects defined by the Divine System of Classification are considered distinct from words of different languages defined by positive laws in that a word may be used to describe more than one concept or real world object, whereas one concept or object remains one concept or object.

Canon 27

All components of the Divine System of Classification are based on the use of consistent classification method that identifies one concept or real world object as equal to one DA. Therefore a word cannot be seen as an approximation of a DA as one word might be associated with several DA's recognizing the multiple meanings associated with a word. A DA is not permitted to have more than one concept or real world object association. Therefore all DA are considered unique and non-repeating.

Canon 28

SETS are defined as the grouping of one (1) or more DA by a certain characteristic. All SETS belong to one (1) or more higher SETS. Excluding DA represented as having a special purpose as a primary element, all DA belong to one (1) base SET. The membership to a SET automatically gives a DA additional meaning.

Canon 29

Primary elements of the Divine System of Classification such as ASSOCIATORS, RELATORS, MODIFIERS and TENSORS are the only example of DA belonging to more than one base SET. For example, the Position class of ASSOCIATORS is a class of DA (concepts) and is also a class of ASSOCIATORS. All primary elements of the present invention and their classes are firstly DA and then special sets.

Canon 30

The set of DA SETS of the Divine System of Classification also belong to each other as sub-set components unto themselves so that HUMAN LIFE is a major set on its own and a sub-set of SELF-AWARE LIFE is a major set on its own and a sub-set of LIFE is a major set on its own and a sub-set of PLANET OBJECTS is a major set on its own and a sub-set of STELLAR OBJECTS is a major set on its own and a sub-set of GALACTIC OBJECTS is a major set on its own and a sub-set of ELEMENTS and RELATIONSHIPS and MEASUREMENT are major sets on its own and a sub-sets of UNIVERSE is a major set on its own and a sub-set of ABSOLUTE.

Canon 31

DA SETS of the Divine System of Classification are sub sets of other DA SETS, meaning that all HUMAN LIFE DA have the richest additional meanings compared to any other set of DA, by belonging to more sets than any other major set of DA.

Canon 32

MODIFIERS are a subset of components of the Divine System of Classification which define characteristics that seek to qualify and/or “modify” the state of a DA (object/concept). MODIFIERS are categorized into sets such as: Name, Number, Position, Dimension (width, depth, height and size), Form (Mass/density defines weight, thickness, hardness), Motion, Temperature, Emotion and Colour.

Canon 33

RELATORS are a subset of components of the Divine System of Classification that bind DA (concepts and objects) together in some specific context. RELATORS are categorized into sets such as: Is & Operands, Operands, Perspective, Position, Sets, Time, Intention and Consequence.

Canon 34

TENSORS are a subset of components of the Divine System of Classification that perform the multiple identification of tense, perspective (me, you, us) and intent (mine, why?, how?). TENSORS are categorized into sets such as: Statement (Base, As, What, Why, Where, When, How), Question (Base, What, Why, Where, When, How), Intent (Wish, Want, Need), Relator (If, While, Until), Force (Attraction, Repulsion), Modifier (So, Therefore, But), Possession (Base, Give, Take, Lost, Found) and Answer (Agree, Disagree).

Canon 35

ASSOCIATORS are a subset of components of the Divine System of Classification that define a specific association or action between two objects or concepts (DA). ASSOCIATORS are categorized into sets such as: Start, Stop, Come, Go, Belong, And, Or, Change.

Canon 36

DIA is a combination of components of the Divine System of Classification to form meaningful statements according to a set of rules called the "Rules of forming valid DIA". The first and primary rule is that a DIA must contain either (1) one DA (object/concept) and another element (TENSOR, RELATOR, MODIFIER), or at least (1) one TENSOR to be valid. The second rule is that DIA must not contain more than 42 elements. DIA themselves are categorized according to whether they conform to traditional linear progression (single string of elements interpreted left to right called LINEAR DIA), matrix (set of elements interpreted both left to right and top down and across called MATRIX DIA), or dimensional (interpreted as having more than two dimensions/directions of interpretation simultaneously called DIMENSIONAL DIA). LINEAR DIA are categorized according to the main pivot elements, namely: DA, Tensor, Relator, Modifier, Associator, Mix and Complex Linear. MATRIX DIA are categorized according to its fundamental shape and interpretation, namely: DA-Cross, DA-star, DA-tri, DA-dual, Tensor-Cross, Tensor-star, Tensor-tri, Tensor-dual and Complex Matrix.

Canon 37

The hierarchy of PURPOSE of the Divine System of Classification is whereby all possible singular or combinations of DA (objects and concepts) may be defined into six (6) levels by their complexity and functional purpose with the least complex and lowest level being all DA. In turn, combinations of 2 or more DA form a DIA (statement). In turn, combinations of 2 or more DIA form an IDEA (argument). In turn 2 or more IDEAS form an IDEAL (concept). In turn, 2 or more IDEALS form a MODEL (theory). Finally, all MODELS form a single concept known as UCADIA, the Universe of DIA.

Canon 38

The hierarchy of COMMON MEANING of the Divine System of Classification is whereby all possible sets of DA, DIA, IDEA, IDEAL, MODEL may be categorized. The lowest category is of common meaning is a category of DA, known as DAT. The next highest category is a category of DIA known as DATA. The next highest category is a category of IDEAS known as DATUM. The next highest category is a category of IDEALS known as KNOSIS. The next highest category is a category of MODELS known as WISDOM. The highest category is ALL also known as UCADIA.

Canon 39

By definition of the Divine System of Classification, UCADIA is the set of all sets, the purpose of all purpose and the meaning of all meaning. Therefore it is also known as the UCADIA Classification System.

Article 7 - Divine System of Symbols

Canon 40

All components of the system of the Divine System of Symbols are based on the use of consistent geometric shapes to denote the distinction between components and their base set such as DA (objects and concepts), MODIFIERS (attributes of DA), RELATORS (relationships between DA and MODIFIERS), ASSOCIATORS and TENSORS (tense/perspective and intent). For example, all DA (objects and concepts) may be identified into (10) ten groups according to their outer geometric shape.

Canon 41

DA represent the building block components of the Divine System of Symbols and can be compared to the traditional concept of the noun. However, unlike word concepts, the relationship between one DA (symbol) and another is explicitly known by virtue of the unique signature of symbol components being its combination of outermost and innermost geometric shapes: The outermost geometric shape boundary defines the highest set, of which there are only (10) ten, being: Absolute, Universal, Relationships and measurement, Elements, Galactic and intergalactic objects, Stellar and interstellar objects, Planet objects, Life, Self aware life and Human life. The innermost geometric shape represents a core concept, which may or may not then be repeated across the different outermost classifications to create a unique set, for example "properties of" being a unique innermost concept is recognized as existing under all (10) outermost categories.

Canon 42

MODIFIERS are a subset of components of the Divine System of Symbols which define characteristics that seek to qualify and/or "modify" the state of a DA (object/concept). MODIFIERS are shown as circular geometric images either to the top, left, right, or bottom of a DA and are half the size of a DA symbol. MODIFIERS are then categorized into the following sets: Name, Number, Position, Dimension (width, depth, height and size), Form (Mass/density defines weight, thickness, hardness), Motion, Temperature, Emotion and Colour.

Canon 43

RELATORS are a subset of components of the Divine System of Symbols that bind DA (concepts and objects) together in some specific context. Similar to Modifiers, RELATORS are shown as square geometric images either to the top, left, right, or bottom of a DA and are half the size of a DA symbol. RELATORS are then categorized into the following sets: Is & Operands, Operands, Perspective, Position, Sets, Time, Intention and Consequence.

Canon 44

TENSORS are a subset of components of the Divine System of Symbols that perform the multiple identification of tense, perspective (me, you, us) and intent (mine, why?, how?). RELATORS are shown as combinations of geometric elements of vertical lines (denoting tense), small shapes and horizontal lines (denoting perspective) and the geometry of the small shape itself (denoting intent). Each TENSOR is a combination of (27) twenty-seven shapes representing nine combinations for past, present and future. TENSORS are categorized into the following sets: Statement (Base, As, What, Why, Where, When, How), Question (Base, What, Why, Where, When, How), Intent (Wish, Want, Need), Relator (If, While, Until), Force (Attraction, Repulsion), Modifier (So, Therefore, But), Possession (Base, Give, Take, Lost, Found) and Answer (Agree, Disagree).

Canon 45

ASSOCIATORS are a subset of components of the system of Divine System of Symbols that define a specific association and/or action between two objects/concepts (DA). ASSOCIATORS are the smallest set of symbols and are one half the geometric size of RELATORS and MODIFIERS. ASSOCIATORS are categorized into the following sets: Start, Stop, Come, Go, Belong, And, Or, Change.

Canon 46

By definition of the Divine System of Symbols, UCADIA is the set of all symbols. Therefore it is also known as the UCADIA Symbols System.

Article 8 - Divine System of Semantics

Canon 47

The Divine System of Semantics is a system of rules and methods for the valid assembly, disassembly, interpretation and transmission of meaning assigned to objects and concepts as DA using the Divine System of Symbols and the Divine System of Classification.

Canon 48

A DA has only one primary meaning attached to it, but may belong to several classifications that add to this primary meaning.

Canon 49

As a DA has only one primary meaning attached to it, a DA is the smallest possible original elemental unit of Divine meaning.

Canon 50

As a DA is the smallest possible original elemental unit of Divine meaning, there is no unit of non-DA meaning that can precede or abrogate the meaning of a DA.

Canon 51

As a DA is the smallest possible original elemental unit of Divine meaning, all DA precede the existence of words and lesser languages. Therefore, all words are inferior to DA, regardless of claimed age and custom.

Canon 52

A unit of DA is equivalent to a unit of Awareness so that the total set of DA is equivalent to Unique Collective Awareness. Similarly, the smallest unit of meaning of a DA is equivalent to the smallest unit of Awareness which is equivalent to a point of UCA.

Canon 53

Perfect meaning represented by a perfect paradox resolves itself to the Divine, whereas imperfect meaning represented by a logical conclusion resolves itself to the Universe.

Canon 54

All meaning is relative.

2.2 Divine Standard Model of Universal Elements

Article 9 - Divine Standard Model of Universal Elements

Canon 55

The Divine Standard Model of Universal Elements is a system and subset of the Divine System of Classification being six (6) levels and sets of elements being UNITA, SUPER SUB-ATOMICS, SUB-ATOMICS, ATOMICS, MOLECULES and LIFE.

Canon 56

All symbolic components of the Divine Standard Model of Universal Elements are based on the use of consistent geometric shapes to denote the distinction between components and their base set as identified by the Divine System of Symbols.

Article 10 - Unita Elements & Properties

Canon 57

The first class of elements of Divine Standard Model of Universal Elements and the smallest are UNITA. There are only three (3) type of UNITA elements being CREATOR UNITA, DESTRUCTIVE ATTRACTOR UNITA and NON-EQUATORIAL DESTRUCTIVE ATTRACTOR all formed by points of Unique Collective Awareness, also known as UCA.

Canon 58

A point of UCA, also known as a POINT is a theoretical point with no properties other than its existence.

Canon 59

All UNITA are made up of unique points of UCA being CORE UCA, POLE UCA, ORBIT UCA, EQUATOR UCA AND OUTER ORBIT UCA in which a UNITA is constructed from seven (7) points of UCA when a pair of POLE UCA orbit around a single CORE UCA with a second pair of EQUATOR UCA also orbiting around the same CORE UCA and then a third pair of ORBIT UCA also orbit the CORE UCA. Finally, twenty six (26) OUTER ORBIT UCA orbit in unison around the same CORE UCA making the total number of UCA points in all UNITA being thirty-three (33).

Canon 60

UNITA ELEMENTAL PROPERTIES are twenty (20) PROPERTIES inherited by all UNITA by virtue of their unique structure, including: CORE, MID, SURFACE, ATMOSPHERE, EQUATOR, AXIS, POLES, NORTHERN HEMISPHERE, SOUTHERN HEMISPHERE, ROTATION, ROTAXIS, GEOMETRIC STRUCTURE, VOLUME, UNIQUE POSITION, UNIQUE AWARENESS OF POSITION, RESONANCE, DENSITY, MASS, MOTION and FREQUENCY of MOTION.

Canon 61

The differentiation between CREATOR UNITA, DESTRUCTIVE ATTRACTOR UNITA and NON-EQUATORIAL DESTRUCTIVE ATTRACTOR UNITA depends upon the specific order and relationship of rotation. A CREATOR UNITA exists when all pairs of UCA travel in the same direction, a DESTRUCTIVE ATTRACTOR UNITA exists when all pairs of UCA except the pair of ORBIT UCA travel in the same direction and a NON-EQUATORIAL DESTRUCTIVE ATTRACTOR UNITA exists when all pairs of UCA except the pair of EQUATOR UCA travel in the same direction.

Canon 62

The total possible set of UNITA is known as the UNITAS ELEMENTAL SET with six (6) possible types of UNITA differentiated by the possible combinations of spin of the three pairs of POLE UCA, EQUATOR UCA and ORBIT UCA. When POLE UCA and ORBIT UCA travel in the same direction, a UNITA is considered of the same family and will form greater structures. Therefore half of the UNITAS ELEMENTAL SET is considered ANTI-MATTER and will never form larger structures with UNITA with two-thirds the opposite spin. Only CREATOR UNITA and DESTRUCTIVE ATTRACTOR UNITA form more complex structures with two-third of the total set (UNITAS) having no measurable MASS.

Article 11 - Super Sub Atomic Elements & Properties

Canon 63

The second class and level of elements of the Divine Standard Model of Universal Elements is the SUPER SUB-ATOMIC ELEMENTS SET being three (3) classes of elements: NEUTRINO, QUARKS and COSMICS.

Canon 64

SUPER SUB ATOMIC ELEMENTAL PROPERTIES is the twenty one (21) PROPERTIES inherited by all SUPER SUB ATOMIC ELEMENTS by virtue of their unique structure and the collective inheritance of these properties from UNITA, including: CORE, MID, SURFACE, ATMOSPHERE, EQUATOR, AXIS, POLES, NORTHERN HEMISPHERE, SOUTHERN HEMISPHERE, ROTATION, ROTAXIS, GEOMETRIC STRUCTURE, VOLUME, UNIQUE POSITION, AWARENESS OF POSITION, RESONANCE, DENSITY, ELEMENTAL MASS, GRAVITATIONAL MASS, KINESIS and FREQUENCY of MOTION.

Canon 65

The structure of NEUTRINO is a single CREATOR UNITA being orbited by single DESTRUCTIVE ATTRACTOR UNITA.

Canon 66

The structure of QUARKS is: an UP QUARK being a core of two (2) CREATOR UNITA in close bond orbited by a pair of DESTRUCTIVE ATTRACTOR UNITA, the structure of a DOWN QUARK being a core of two (2) DESTRUCTIVE ATTRACTOR UNITA in close bond orbited by a pair of CREATOR UNITA, the structure of a CHARM QUARK being a core of three (3) CREATOR UNITA in close bond orbited by a pair of DESTRUCTIVE ATTRACTOR UNITA and the structure of a STRANGE QUARK being a core of three (3) DESTRUCTIVE ATTRACTOR UNITA in close bond orbited by a pair of CREATOR UNITA.

Canon 67

The structure of COSMICS is: a GAMMA COSMIC being a core of three (3) CREATOR UNITA in close bond orbited by a pair of NEUTRINO, the structure of an OMEGA COSMIC being a core of three (3) DESTRUCTIVE ATTRACTOR UNITA in close bond orbited by a pair of NEUTRINO. Because COSMIC elements have NEUTRINO in their structure, they also interact and share common characteristics with certain SUB-ATOMIC elements.

Article 12 - Sub Atomic Elements & Properties

Canon 68

The third class and level of elements is the SUB-ATOMIC ELEMENTS SET being six (6) classes of elements: CREATORS, RADIOACTIVES, TRONS, MAGNETONS, PHOTONS and HETONS.

Canon 69

SUB ATOMIC ELEMENTAL PROPERTIES outlines the twenty four (24) PROPERTIES inherited by all SUB ATOMIC ELEMENTS by virtue of their unique structure and the collective inheritance of these properties from SUPER SUB ATOMIC ELEMENTS, including: CORE, MID, SURFACE, ATMOSPHERE, EQUATOR, POLES, NORTHERN HEMISPHERE, SOUTHERN HEMISPHERE, ROTATION, ROTAXIS, GEOMETRIC STRUCTURE, VOLUME, UNIQUE POSITION, AWARENESS OF POSITION, RESONANCE, DENSITY, MASS-ELEMENTAL, MASS-GRAVITATIONAL, MASS-NEUTRINO, KINESIS, FREQUENCY of MOTION, STRONG FISSION POINT and STRONG FUSION POINT.

Canon 70

The structure of CREATORS is: a PROTON being a core of two (2) UP QUARK in close bond orbited by a pair of DOWN QUARK, the structure of a NEUTRON being a core of two (2) DOWN QUARK in close bond orbited by a pair of UP QUARK.

Canon 71

The structure of PHOTONS is a core of three (3) UP QUARK in close bond. Because of the strong core of a PHOTON, it has the strength to carry HYDROGEN large distances. When a PHOTON is carrying HYDROGEN, it may be also classed as ULTRA-VIOLET LIGHT.

Canon 72

The structure of RADIOACTIVES is: a PROTONACTIVE being a core of two (2) UP QUARK in close bond orbited by a pair of NEUTRINO, the structure of a NEUTRONACTIVE being a core of two (2) DOWN QUARK in close bond orbited by a pair of NEUTRINO. Because RADIOACTIVES have the same core as CREATORS, they behave primarily as CREATORS. However, because RADIOACTIVES also contain NEUTRINO, they also interact and share common characteristics with other elements that also have NEUTRINO in their structure such as TRON and MAGNETON.

Canon 73

The structure of HETONS is a core of three (3) DOWN QUARK in close bond. Because of the strong core of a HETON, it has the strength to carry HYDROGEN large distances. When a HETON is carrying HYDROGEN, it may be also classed as INFRA-RED LIGHT.

Canon 74

The structure of TRONS is: a POSITRON being a core of a single UP QUARK orbited by a single NEUTRINO, the structure of an ELECTRON being a core of a single DOWN QUARK orbited by a single NEUTRINO. Because TRONS have the same core as CREATORS, they form orbit relationships with CREATORS. However, because TRONS also contain NEUTRINO, they also interact and share common characteristics with other elements that also have NEUTRINO in their structure such as RADIOACTIVES and MAGNETON

Canon 75

The structure of MAGNETONS is: a NEGATIVE MAGNETON being a core of two (2) NEUTRINO orbited by a pair of DESTRUCTIVE ATTRACTOR UNITA, the structure of a POSITIVE MAGNETON being a core of a two (2) NEUTRINO orbited by a single CREATOR UNITA. Because MAGNETONS have the same core as NEUTRINO, they form orbit relationships with other larger elements that also contain NEUTRINO such as RADIOACTIVES and TRONS.

Article 13 - Atomic Elements & Properties

Canon 76

The fourth class and level of elements of the Divine Standard Model of Universal Elements is the ATOMIC ELEMENTS SET being: CREATORS, RADIOACTIVES, TRONS, MAGNETONS, PHOTONS and HETONS.

Canon 77

ATOMIC ELEMENTAL PROPERTIES outlines the thirty two (32) PROPERTIES inherited by all ATOMIC ELEMENTS by virtue of their unique structure and the collective inheritance of these properties from SUB ATOMIC ELEMENTS, including: CORE, MID, SURFACE, ATMOSPHERE, EQUATOR, POLES, NORTHERN HEMISPHERE, SOUTHERN HEMISPHERE, ROTATION, ROTAXIS, GEOMETRIC STRUCTURE, VOLUME, UNIQUE POSITION, AWARENESS OF POSITION, RESONANCE, DENSITY, MASS-ELEMENTAL, MASS-GRAVITATIONAL, MASS-NEUTRINO, MASS-MAGNETON, MASS-POSITRON, MASS-ELECTRON, MASS-PHOTON, MASS-HETON, KINESIS, FREQUENCY of MOTION, STRONG FUSION POINT, WEAK FUSION POINT, STRONG FISSION POINT and WEAK FISSION POINT.

Canon 78

All ATOMIC STRUCTURES contain certain elements known also as ERGONS. An ERGON is a certain class of particles that under one set of conditions forms part of larger structures (e.g. Magnetic particles in certain atomic structures) , but under other conditions breaks form and behaves in particle FIELDS. Nine (9) ERGON particles exist including GRAVITONS, COSMICS, NEUTRINOS, MAGNETONS, PHOTONS, HETONS, RADIOACTIVES, TRONS and HYDROGEN.

Canon 79

Because ERGON particles form part of the ATOMIC CORE, they increase their MASS relative to other ERGON particles of the same type. These attracted ERGON particles then form ORBITS around the whole structure depending on what type of ERGON. MAGNETONS have a unique orbit of corkscrew momentum in fields centered around the poles to the equator. The weakest point of MAGNETIC fields is the equator of an object and its strongest at the poles. NEUTRINO, HETON, PHOTON and TRONS have a different orbit path of POLAR ORBIT.

Canon 80

The NEUTRINO FIELDS of an ATOM accounts for the strong force between atoms. It is possible to temporarily ionize the NEUTRINO FIELDS of an atom through the neutralization of its MAGNETIC FIELD first, through the creation of counter-clockwise opposing MAGNETIC FIELDS.

Canon 81

At the ATOMIC LEVEL, CREATORS, RADIOACTIVES, TRONS and MAGNETONS provide a perfect example of Creators, Destructive Attractors and Non-Equatorial Destructive Attractors at the level of sub-atomic matter.

Canon 82

The behaviour and properties of CREATOR ATOMIC STRUCTURES as defined by the Ucadia Hydro-Helio Model of Atomic Elements is entirely consistent with the behaviour of CREATORS at every level of matter. CREATOR ATOMIC STRUCTURES are the only category of ATOMIC structures that form CORE elements to form the simplest structures such as HYDROGEN and HELIUM and then form more complex ATOMIC CORES.

Canon 83

Sixty-four (64) naturally occurring HYDRO-HELIO MODEL CORE ATOMIC ELEMENTS form greater atomic elemental structures. The smallest naturally occurring ATOMIC CORE is the HYDROGEN CREATOR. The largest naturally occurring ATOMIC CORE is the TRI-ZINC CORE being a CORE OF one (1) URANIUM.

Canon 84

A stable creator core can sustain two layers of orbiting creator hydrogen pair. However, a lithium derived creator core can only sustain one level of orbiting pair.

Canon 85

Where a pair of creator hydrogen bond to a new core, the core in turn will form more complex cores in pairs. Where two layers of creator hydrogen exist, the core will not form more complex cores.

Canon 86

The behaviour and properties of DESTRUCTIVE ATTRACTOR ATOMIC STRUCTURES as defined by the Ucadia Hydro-Helio Model of Atomic Elements being PROTOACTIVE, NEUTROACTIVE, or RADIOACTIVE is entirely consistent with the behaviour of DESTRUCTIVE ATTRACTOR elements at every level of matter. DESTRUCTIVE ATTRACTOR ATOMIC STRUCTURES can never form a primary CORE. However, the smallest being HYDROGEN and HELIUM DESTRUCTIVE ATTRACTORS can and do form more complex shapes in the MID and OUTER levels of an ATOMIC STRUCTURE.

Canon 87

The knowledge of the consistent features of DESTRUCTIVE ATTRACTORS as defined by the Ucadia Standard Model of Universal Elements means that DESTRUCTIVE ATTRACTOR ATOMIC ELEMENTS share both creative and destructive characteristics, the destructive being principally the existence of Neutrino and therefore field elements that under certain conditions will compel the DESTRUCTIVE ATTRACTOR ATOMIC ELEMENT to break from form (DECAY) and join in the field. The interaction of ERGON particles behaving in FIELD produces the effect of DECAY because of the inherent properties of DESTRUCTIVE ATTRACTOR ATOMIC ELEMENTS, not necessarily the strength of the fields themselves.

Canon 88

Furthermore, DESTRUCTIVE ATTRACTORS by their nature are not able to form consistent relationships to form more complex atomic CORE structures on their own. Instead, their existence as the most outer layer of an ATOMIC STRUCTURE means greater form is only possible by the sharing of ERGON FIELDS between ATOMS as a MOLECULE.

Canon 89

ATOMIC MASS is formed from the addition of the CORE MASS, MID MASS and OUTER MASS of an ATOMIC CORE using one of thirty-two (32) possible BONDING RATES. The BONDING STRENGTH is dependent upon the MASS RATIO of CORE to MID, then MID to OUTER. The rules for ATOMIC MASS are shown in FIG. ATOMIC MASS.

Canon 90

If the MASS RATIO between a CORE MASS, MID MASS or OUTER MASS of an atomic core is less than 10:1, then the MASS of the inner element is doubled and the MASS of the outer element is doubled, or tripled if RADIOACTIVE.

Canon 91

If the MASS RATIO is greater than 14:1 and less than 18:1 then the MASS of the inner element is doubled and the MASS of the outer element is double if single NEUTROACTIVE, six times if a pair, triple if a single RADIOACTIVE HYDROGEN or seven times if a pair.

Canon 92

The likely MASS of all one hundred and ninety two (192) naturally occurring ATOMIC STRUCTURES from HYDROGEN to PLUTONIUM can be calculated using this demonstration of the Hydro-Helio Model of Atomic Elements. The estimated rate of error between calculations and inventions such as the Periodic Table to calculate ATOMIC MASS contains an error of +/- 1 POINT OF ATOMIC MASS.

Article 14 - Molecular Elements & Properties

Canon 93

The fifth class and level of elements of the Divine Standard Model of Universal Elements is the MOLECULAR ELEMENTS SET being seven (7) classes of elements: TRANSFORMER, PAIR, TRI, QUAD, PENTAD, HEXAD and COMPLEX POLYMER.

Canon 94

MOLECULAR ELEMENTAL PROPERTIES outlines the thirty four (34) PROPERTIES inherited by all MOLECULAR ELEMENTS by virtue of their unique structure and the collective inheritance of these properties from ATOMIC ELEMENTS, including: CORE, MID, SURFACE, ATMOSPHERE, EQUATOR, AXIS, POLES, NORTHERN HEMISPHERE, SOUTHERN HEMISPHERE, ROTATION, ROTAXIS, GEOMETRIC STRUCTURE, VOLUME, UNIQUE POSITION, AWARENESS OF POSITION, RESONANCE, DENSITY, RELATIVITY, SPACE, MASS-ELEMENTAL, MASS-GRAVITATIONAL, MASS-NEUTRINO, MASS-MAGNETON, MASS-POSITRON, MASS-ELECTRON, MASS-PHOTON, MASS-HETON, WEIGHT, KINESIS, FREQUENCY of MOTION, STRONG CHEMICAL FUSION POINT, WEAK CHEMICAL FUSION POINT, STRONG CHEMICAL FISSION POINT and WEAK CHEMICAL FISSION POINT.

Canon 95

All MOLECULES bond according to one of two ways: STRONG CHEMICAL FUSION or ERGON FIELD FUSION and WEAK CHEMICAL FUSION or HYDROGEN FUSION. The rules for MOLECULAR BONDING are based on the common characteristics and bonding properties defined by ATOMIC ELEMENTS.

Canon 96

Consistent with the features of all matter at all levels, the MOLECULAR shapes formed by ATOMIC ELEMENTS is limited by its similar CORE structures, size and stable strength. The more NEUTROACTIVE and RADIOACTIVE elements in an ATOMIC structure, the less stable that structure in the form of a MOLECULE.

Canon 97

The first set of the seven (7) classes of MOLECULES are TRANSFORMERS being elemental structures that behave both as MOLECULES and ATOMS, depending upon their state. There are only two (2) types of transformers in the universe being PHOTONS and HETONS when they are carrying HYDROGEN. When either structure is stripped of hydrogen, they are massless and return to status as a SUB ATOMIC ELEMENT.

Canon 98

The second set of the seven (7) classes of MOLECULES are PAIR MOLECULES with the structure of a pair of two (2) atoms through STRONG BONDING (ERGON) bonding or WEAK BONDING (HYDROGEN).

Canon 99

The third set of the seven (7) classes of MOLECULES are TRI MOLECULES with the structure of three (3) atoms through STRONG BONDING (ERGON) bonding or WEAK BONDING (HYDROGEN).

Canon 100

The fourth set of the seven (7) classes of MOLECULES are QUAD MOLECULES with the structure of four (4) atoms through STRONG BONDING (ERGON) bonding or WEAK BONDING (HYDROGEN).

Canon 101

The fifth set of the seven (7) classes of MOLECULES are PENTAD MOLECULES with the structure of five (5) atoms through STRONG BONDING (ERGON) bonding or WEAK BONDING (HYDROGEN), either in a cross, or a five-side geometric shape. The stability of the Pentad (five sided shape) of carbon atoms is a superior geometric platform, seen as the base for many key molecules to life.

Canon 102

The sixth set of the seven (7) classes of MOLECULES are HEXA MOLECULES with the structure of six (6) atoms through STRONG BONDING (ERGON) bonding or WEAK BONDING (HYDROGEN). Hexads are the most complex shapes that are formed under Strong Chemical Fusion and come in cross shapes and six-sided close packed rings (such as Benzene). Hexas are fundamental for a host of vital molecules, including DNA and several Amino Acids.

Canon 103

The seventh and final set of the seven (7) classes of MOLECULES are COMPLEX POLYMERS being Molecular structures of more than six (6) Atoms forming geometric shape through WEAK BONDING (HYDROGEN) and normally dependent upon a pre-existing field of simpler Molecules for its existence.

Article 15 - Life Elements & Properties

Canon 104

The sixth class and final level of elements of the Divine Standard Model of Universal Elements is the LIFE ELEMENTS SET being two (2) classes: HYDRO-CARBON ELEMENTS and SYNTHETIC ELEMENTS. Within the HYDRO-CARBON ELEMENTS SET, there are six (6) Classes: LIFE POLYMER, MONO CELLULAR, SIMPLE SPECIES, SIMPLE SEXUAL SPECIES, COMPLEX SPECIES and SELF-AWARE SPECIES.

Canon 105

The first set of the six (6) classes of HYDRO-CARBON ELEMENTS is the LIFE POLYMER MOLECULAR SET comprising of two classes: SIMPLE being SUGAR, FAT, AMINO ACID, NUCLEIC ACID and COMPLEX being HORMONE, COMPLEX FAT, VITAMIN and PROTEIN.

Canon 106

The second set of the six (6) classes of HYDRO-CARBON ELEMENTS is MONO CELLULAR HYDRO-CARBON LIFE being two (2) classes: SIMPLE such as MONO-CELLULAR CREATORS (Bacteria, cyanobacteria), DESTRUCTIVE ATTRACTORS (viruses) and ADVANCED such as CREATORS (Amoeba, Actinophrys, Diffulgia, Textularia, Paramecium, Coleps, Vorticella, Stentor) and DESTRUCTIVE ATTRACTORS (Euglenids, Trypanosoma, Trichomonas, Codosiga)

Canon 107

The third set of the six (6) classes of HYDRO-CARBON ELEMENTS is SIMPLE SPECIES HYDRO-CARBON LIFE being seven (7) classes: FUNGI, ALGAE, JELLIES & SPONGES, WORMS & ECHIODERMS, FERNS & HORSETAILS, PSILOPHYTES and MOSS.

Canon 108

The fourth set of the six (6) classes of HYDRO-CARBON ELEMENTS is SIMPLE SEXUAL SPECIES being seven (7) classes: CORAL, MOLLUSKS, CRUSTACEANS, INSECTS & PEDES, FLOWERING TREES and FLOWERING PLANTS.

Canon 109

The fifth set of the six (6) classes of HYDRO-CARBON ELEMENTS is COMPLEX SPECIES being three (3) classes: EGG LAYING (fish, amphibians, reptiles, monotremes, birds), MARSUPIALS and PLACENTALS (dolphins, sea cows, whales, rodents, seals, rabbits/hares, even toed hoofed, odd-toed hoofed, anteaters/sloths, carnivores, pangolins, hyraxes, primates, elephants, colugos and bats).

Canon 110

The sixth and final set of the six (6) classes of HYDRO-CARBON ELEMENTS is SELF AWARE HIGHER ORDER SPECIES being six (6) classes: TRIBE, CIVILIZATION, EMPIRE, GLOBE, INTER-PLANETARY and GALACTIC.

Canon 111

The species HOMO SAPIEN also known as the HUMAN RACE belongs to the sixth and final set of the six (6) classes of HYDRO-CARBON ELEMENTS (SELF AWARE HIGHER ORDER SPECIES).

Canon 112

The Law as demonstrated here is historically reserved for species that have reached their final advancement as Inter-Planetary Colonists before becoming a galactic race. This is the only example of the Law having arrived before such typical advancement has taken place making the HOMO SAPIEN race unique.

2.3 EIKOS Divine System of Language

Article 16 - Divine System of Language

Canon 113

The System of Divine Language is also known as EIKOS and defines the relationships, properties and measurement of all elements in operation from the Ucadia Standard Model of Universal Elements.

Canon 114

All EIKOS key concepts, classes and rules are constructed from the relationship between RELATIONSHIPS & MEASUREMENT to the rest of the set of OBJECTS and CONCEPTS defined by the Ucadia Classification System, the Ucadia Standard Model of Universal Elements and the Ucadia Symbols System.

Canon 115

The primary components of the EIKOS Language System are two hundred and twenty two (222) ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS and classes of rules divided into eight (8) FOUNDATION CLASSES including EIKOS(8), LOGOS(26), NUMERICS(18), UNISSET(16), GEOLEX(46), SYMERICS(24), AXIOMATICS(34) and KINESIS(50).

Canon 116

The FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System known as EIKOS contains eight (8) ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS and classes of rules including: EIKOS, CONCEPTS, SYMBOLS, SETS, STRUCTURE, RELATIONSHIPS, RULES and PROOF OF AXIOM.

Canon 117

The FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System known as LOGOS contains twenty-six (26) ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS and classes of rules including: LOGOS, NOTHING, EXISTENCE, MEANING, AWARENESS, PARADOX, CONCEPT, CREATION, OBJECT, PROPERTIES, SYMBOL, VARIABLES, NUMBERS, ORDER, MEASURE, PERCEPTION, UNIQUENESS, FUNCTIONS, FORMULA, AXIOM, STATEMENT, ARGUMENT, EQUIVALENCE, PROOF, CERTAINTY and LOGIC.

Canon 118

The FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System known as NUMERICS eighteen eight (18) ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS and classes of rules including: NUMERICS, NUMBER, UNISET, PERFECT NUMBER, IMPERFECT NUMBER, PERFECT UNIQUE NUMBER, PERFECT SIMILAR NUMBER, PERFECT IDEA NUMBER, IMPERFECT UNIQUE NUMBER, IMPERFECT SIMILAR NUMBER, IMPERFECT IDEA NUMBER, PERFECT RATIO NUMBER, IMPERFECT RATIO NUMBER, GEOMETRIC RATIO NUMBER, SEQUENCE RATIO NUMBER, CONSTANT RATIO NUMBER, COMPLEX RATIO NUMBER and IMPERFECT-PERFECT RATIO NUMBER.

Canon 119

The FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System known as UNISET contains sixteen (16) ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS and classes of rules including: UNISET, SET, MEMBER, INFINITY, INHERITANCE, DEPENDENCY, SPECIALIZATION, FOUNDATION SET, FOUNDATION STATE SET, FOUNDATION MOTION SET, FINITE SET SERIES, INFINITE SET SERIES, NATURAL SET SERIES, THEORETICAL SET SERIES, SET LOGOS and SET LOGIC.

Canon 120

The FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System known as GEOLEX contains forty-six (46) ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS and classes of rules including: GEOLEX, POINT, DIMENSION, CONSTRUCT, PATH, LINE, SHAPE, SURFACE, DISTANCE, AREA, MEASURE, VOLUME, ANGLE, VECTORS, DIRECTION, 2D CONSTRUCTS, 3D CONSTRUCTS, TRI 2D, QUAD 2D, CIRCLE 2D, ELLIPSE 2D, PENTA 2D, HEX 2D, COMPLEX 2D, SPHERE 3D, PRISM 3D, PYRAMID 3D, CUBE 3D, CYLINDER 3D, CONE 3D, ELLIPSOID 3D, PARABOLOID 3D, TORUS 3D, COMPLEX 3D, PERFECT 2D CONSTRUCTS, IMPERFECT 2D CONSTRUCTS, PERFECT 3D CONSTRUCTS, IMPERFECT 3D CONSTRUCTS, FRACTALS, MORPHOLOGY, TIMEFRAME, MODEL, NATURAL GEOMETRIC SHAPE, GEOMETRY, SYMERICS and AXIOMATICS.

Canon 121

The FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System known as SYMERICS contains twenty-four (24) ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS and classes of rules including: SYMERICS, VARIABLE, FUNCTION, SUM, RELATION, DIMENSION, FORMULA, LINEAR FORMULA, MATRIX FORMULA, MULTI-DIMENSION FORMULA, FUNCTION VERSION, SIMPLE THEORETICAL FORMULA, SIMPLE NATURAL FORMULA, SIMPLE NUMERIC FORMULA, SIMPLE UNISET FORMULA, SIMPLE 2D GEOMETRIC FORMULA, SIMPLE 3D GEOMETRIC FORMULA, COMPLEX THEORETICAL FORMULA, COMPLEX NATURAL FORMULA, COMPLEX NUMERIC FORMULA, COMPLEX UNISET FORMULA, COMPLEX 2D GEOMETRIC FORMULA, COMPLEX 3D GEOMETRIC FORMULA and ALGEBRA.

Canon 122

The FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System known as AXIOMATICS contains thirty-four (34) ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS and classes of rules including: AXIOMATICS, AXIOM, DIMENSION, FUNCTION, SUM, RELATION, SET, LIMIT, SYSTEM, UTILITY, PROOF, SIMPLE HARMONIC AXIOM, SIMPLE DISSONANT AXIOM, SIMPLE DYNAMIC AXIOM, COMPLEX HARMONIC AXIOM, COMPLEX DISSONANT AXIOM, COMPLEX DYNAMIC AXIOM, KINESIS AXIOM, TEKNAS, MEKATICS, KOSMOTICS, GALATICS, STELLATICS, PLANETICS, ERGONICS, BIOTICS, PSYGOS, EKELOS, UNILEX, EKASYS, CIVILA, SYNLEX and CALCULUS.

Canon 123

The FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System known as KINESIS contains fifty (50) ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS and classes of rules including: classes of RULES, including: KINESIS, MOTION, RELATIVITY, MASS, MATTER, FORCE, ENERGIS, ERGONS, ENERGY, TEMPERATURE, ROTATION, VELOCITY, HARMONIC VIBRATION, DENSITY, WEIGHT, STRENGTH, CONDUCTIVITY, RESISTANCE, CORE ORBIT, MID ORBIT, WEAK ORBIT, SINGLE FIELD ORBIT, HARMONIC FIELD ORBIT, OPPOSING FIELD ORBIT, IONIZED FIELD STATE, KINETIC ENERGIS LIMIT, KINETIC HARMONIC RATIO, KINETIC MASS PARADOX, KINETIC RESULT, KINETIC TRANSFER, HARMONIC VOLUME BOUNDARY and IMPERFECT-PERFECT RATIO, ENERGIS MOTION RATIO, FISSION, STRONG NUCLEAR FISSION, WEAK NUCLEAR FISSION, STRONG CHEMICAL FISSION, WEAK CHEMICAL FISSION, FUSION, STRONG NUCLEAR FUSION, WEAK NUCLEAR FUSION, STRONG CHEMICAL FUSION, WEAK CHEMICAL FUSION, COMPRESSION, EXPANSION, REDUCTION, INTEGRATION, INTERVENTION, NEUTRALIZATION and PHYSICS.

Canon 124

The PURPOSE and PRIMARY FUNCTION of the FOUNDATION CLASS of ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS of the EIKOS Language System known as EIKOS is to provide the essential key concepts of the EIKOS Language System.

Canon 125

The PURPOSE and PRIMARY FUNCTION of the FOUNDATION CLASS of ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS of the EIKOS Language System known as LOGOS is to outline the core principles and rules of definition, argument and construction used to create and interpret valid statements defined by the EIKOS Language System.

Canon 126

The PURPOSE and PRIMARY FUNCTION of the FOUNDATION CLASS of ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS of the EIKOS Language System known as NUMERICS is to outline the core principles and rules of definition by which NUMBERS are defined, classified and used in valid statements defined by the EIKOS Language System.

Canon 127

The PURPOSE and PRIMARY FUNCTION of the FOUNDATION CLASS of ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS of the EIKOS Language System known as UNISET is to outline the core principles and rules of definition by which SETS are defined, classified and used in valid statements defined by the EIKOS Language System.

Canon 128

The PURPOSE and PRIMARY FUNCTION of the FOUNDATION CLASS of ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS of the EIKOS Language System known as GEOLEX is to outline the core principles and rules of definition by which GEOMETRIC SHAPES are defined, classified and used in valid statements defined by the EIKOS Language System.

Canon 129

The PURPOSE and PRIMARY FUNCTION of the FOUNDATION CLASS of ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS of the EIKOS Language System known as SYMERICS is to outline the core principles and rules of definition by which FORMULA are defined, classified and used in valid statements defined by the EIKOS Language System.

Canon 130

The PURPOSE and PRIMARY FUNCTION of the FOUNDATION CLASS of ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS of the EIKOS Language System known as AXIOMATICS is to outline the core principles and rules of definition by which AXIOM are defined, classified and used in valid statements defined by the EIKOS Language System.

Canon 131

The PURPOSE and PRIMARY FUNCTION of the FOUNDATION CLASS of ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS of the EIKOS Language System known as KINESIS is to outline the core principles and rules of definition by which SCIENTIFIC THEOREM are defined, classified and used in valid statements defined by the EIKOS Language System.

Canon 132

The total sum of two hundred and twenty-two (222) key concepts and classes of rules of the EIKOS Language System are sufficient to provide for the complete representation of all possible relationships, properties, axiom and scientific theorem of objects and concepts defined in the Ucadia Standard Model of Universal Elements.

Canon 133

The total sum of scientifically accepted mathematical law and theory is incorporated as sub-sets of the two hundred and twenty-two (222) key concepts and classes of rules of the EIKOS Language System.

Canon 134

As EIKOS Language System is completely consistent with the unique invention of the Ucadia Classification System and Ucadia Symbols System, all symbols and classifications within EIKOS are also legitimate additions and sub sets of the Ucadia Classification System and Ucadia Symbols System.

Canon 135

As EIKOS Language System is completely consistent with the unique invention of the Ucadia Semantic Classification System all rules and arguments within EIKOS are also legitimate additions and sub sets of the Ucadia Semantic Classification System.

Article 17 - EIKOS Foundation Class

Canon 136

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of CONCEPT of the EIKOS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. A CONCEPT is any IDEA having a certain UNIQUE FORM of MEANING.
2. The STRENGTH of a CONCEPT is its RELATIONSHIP to other UNIQUE FORM of MEANING.
3. The EIKOS Language System belongs to the Concept Set of the Ucadia Classification System, the Ucadia Semantic Classification System, the Ucadia Standard Model of Universal Elements and the Ucadia Hydro-Helio Model of Atomic Elements.
4. The EIKOS Language System defines 222 CONCEPTS as ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS upon which the entire Language is based.

Canon 137

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of SYMBOLS of the EIKOS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. A SYMBOL is any graphic OBJECT having SHAPE and UNIQUE MEANING.
2. The STRENGTH of a SYMBOL is its RELATIONSHIP to other UNIQUE FORM of SYMBOLS.
3. The EIKOS Language System uses the Ucadia Symbol System for all language character description and interpretation.
4. Only SYMBOLS belonging to the Ucadia Symbol System are valid for statements constructed in the EIKOS Language System.
5. The Ucadia Symbols System also form part of the EIKOS Language System where the language is used to construct formal statements using the SYMBOLS.

Canon 138

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of SETS of the EIKOS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. A SET is a COLLECTION of OBJECTS or CONCEPTS sharing some SIMILAR MEANING.
2. The STRENGTH of a SET is its RELATIONSHIP to other UNIQUE FORM of SETS.
3. The EIKOS Language System uses the Ucadia Classification System for all SET character description and interpretation.
4. Only SETS belonging to the Ucadia Classification System are valid for statements constructed in the EIKOS Language System.
5. The Ucadia Classification System, the Ucadia Standard Model of Universal Elements and the Ucadia Hydro-Helio Model of Atomic Elements also form part of the EIKOS Language System where the language is used to construct formal SETS.

Canon 139

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of STRUCTURE of the EIKOS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. STRUCTURE is the way in which one or more OBJECTS or CONCEPTS are uniquely related in a SET according to one or more RULES.
2. The STRENGTH of a STRUCTURE is the SYNERGY between the OBJECTS or CONCEPTS which it represents and then its RELATIONSHIP to other UNIQUE FORM of STRUCTURE.
3. EIKOS is constructed from 222 ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS categorized into eight (8) FOUNDATION CLASSES including: EIKOS [8], LOGOS [26], NUMERICS [18], UNISSET [16], GEOLEX [46], SYMERICS [28], AXIOMATICS [32] and KINESIS [50].
4. The EIKOS Language System then forms part of the greater STRUCTURE of the Ucadia Standard Model of Universal Elements, the Ucadia Hydro-Helio Model of Atomic Elements, the Ucadia Semantic Classification System and the Ucadia Classification System.
5. The primary STRUCTURE of the EIKOS Language System being the 222 ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS may not be changed. However, an individual RULE may be added to the class of rules of a CONCEPT providing it does not contradict an existing RULE.
6. The EIKOS Language System permits the amending of an existing RULE of an ELEMENTAL CONCEPT where it can be shown a superior definition can be applied and that the amended RULE does not contradict an existing uncontested RULE.

Canon 140

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of RELATIONSHIPS of the EIKOS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. A RELATIONSHIP is any association between one or more OBJECTS or CONCEPTS which may be defined by some UNIQUE MEANING.
2. All OBJECTS and CONCEPTS in the UNIVERSE have more than one (1) RELATIONSHIP. All RELATIONSHIPS may be categorized by some STRUCTURE.
3. The STRENGTH of a RELATIONSHIP is the SYNERGY between the OBJECTS or CONCEPTS which it represents and their RELATIONSHIPS to other UNIQUE FORM of STRUCTURE.
4. EIKOS is constructed from 222 ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS categorized into eight (8) FOUNDATION CLASSES including: EIKOS [8], LOGOS [26], NUMERICS [18], UNISSET [16], GEOLEX [46], SYMERICS [28], AXIOMATICS [32] and KINESIS [50].
5. The EIKOS Language System then forms part of the greater RELATIONSHIP of the Ucadia Standard Model of Universal Elements, the Ucadia Hydro-Helio Model of Atomic Elements, the Ucadia Semantic Classification System and the Ucadia Classification System.

Canon 141

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of RULES of the EIKOS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. A RULE is any STATEMENT applying to a RELATIONSHIP between OBJECTS or CONCEPTS having UNIQUE MEANING which can be independently OBSERVED and REPEATED.
2. All OBJECTS and CONCEPTS in the UNIVERSE exist according to more than one (1) RULE. All RULES by which OBJECTS and CONCEPTS exist may be defined as AXIOM.
3. The EXISTENCE of all MODELS including the UNIVERSE depends upon the existence of RULES. If one essential RULE ceased to apply, EXISTENCE would cease.
4. The STRENGTH of a RULE is the SYNERGY between the OBJECTS or CONCEPTS which it represents and their RELATIONSHIPS to all other RULES without contradiction.
5. EIKOS is constructed from 222 ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS categorized into eight (8) FOUNDATION CLASSES of RULES including: EIKOS [8], LOGOS [26], NUMERICS [18], UNISSET [16], GEOLEX [46], SYMERICS [28], AXIOMATICS [32] and KINESIS [50].
6. The EIKOS Language System then forms part of the greater RULES of the Ucadia Standard Model of Universal Elements, the Ucadia Hydro-Helio Model of Atomic Elements, the Ucadia Semantic Classification System and the Ucadia Classification System.

Canon 142

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of PROOF OF AXIOM of the EIKOS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. PROOF of AXIOM is the VALIDATION that an AXIOM satisfies all CONDITIONS for which it is intended to be used according to the rules of the EIKOS Language System, Ucadia Semantic Classification System and the Ucadia Classification System.
2. The first CONDITION of PROOF of AXIOM is EXISTENCE- That the AXIOM exists in a published FORM consistent with the RULES of the EIKOS Language System.
3. The second CONDITION of PROOF of AXIOM is DIMENSION- That the dimension of the AXIOM is defined and consistent with the use of VARIABLES and any special CONDITIONS with the RULES of the EIKOS Language System.
4. The third CONDITION of PROOF of AXIOM is STATEMENT- That the AXIOM declares a formal STATEMENT capable of being tested to produce a RESULT consistent with the RULES of the EIKOS Language System.
5. The fourth CONDITION of PROOF of AXIOM is RESULT- That the AXIOM produces a RESULT when tested that can be documented and reproduced consistent with the RULES of the EIKOS Language System.
6. A VALID AXIOM that satisfies all four (4) CONDITIONS for which it is intended may be said to have been PROVEN if evidence of its TEST can be both produced and then reproduced.
7. A VALID AXIOM which is unable to satisfy all conditions for which it is intended and/or cannot be produced with evidence of its TEST and reproduced is said to be UNPROVEN. This however, does not mean an AXIOM is INVALID - only as yet UNPROVEN.
8. Mathematical proof is not a condition of PROOF of AXIOM according to the rules of the EIKOS Language System. An AXIOM written in the Mathematical Language does not automatically mean it is a VALID AXIOM according to the EIKOS Language System.

Article 18 - LOGOS Foundation Class

Canon 143

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of LOGOS of the LOGOS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. LOGOS is a FOUNDATION CLASS of ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS associated with the study of the principles and rules of definition, argument and construction used to create and interpret valid statements defined by the EIKOS Language System.
2. LOGOS is constructed of twenty six [26] ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS including: LOGOS, NOTHING, EXISTENCE, MEANING, AWARENESS, PARADOX, CONCEPT, CREATION, OBJECT, PROPERTIES, SYMBOL, VARIABLES, NUMBERS, ORDER, MEASURE, PERCEPTION, UNIQUENESS, FUNCTIONS, FORMULA, AXIOM, STATEMENT, ARGUMENT, EQUIVALENCE, PROOF, CERTAINTY and LOGIC.

Canon 144

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of AWARENESS of the LOGOS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. Awareness exists.
2. All MATTER is AWARENESS in MOTION.
3. AWARENESS has no MASS. Only IDEAS being AWARENESS in MOTION have MASS.
4. All OBJECTS in the UNIVERSE have the fundamental PROPERTY of AWARENESS of POSITION.
5. The AWARENESS of all OBJECTS of the UNIVERSE observe the fundamental RULES of the UNIVERSE defined by the EIKOS Language System and its components such as KINESIS.
6. Only AWARENESS that is independent of creating FORM may take unique shape in defiance of the RULES of the UNIVERSE.

Canon 145

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of CREATION of the LOGOS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. CREATION is the SET of AWARENESS by which all MATTER and IDEAS are formed.
2. The twelve (12) LAWS of CREATION are those STATEMENTS by which all naturally occurring FORM is created.
3. The 1st LAW OF CREATION is the GOAL LAW which states: "I wish to exist" - being the primary goal of existence upon which all EXISTENCE is based.
4. The 2nd LAW OF CREATION is the LOGOS LAW which states: "To exist I use Logos" - being a set of valid statements of ideas and relationships that satisfy the primary arguments of EXISTENCE.
5. The 3rd LAW OF CREATION is the OBJECT LAW which states: "To exist, I exist as ..." - being the valid statement which satisfies the fundamental argument of exist which necessitates that only an OBJECT has EXISTENCE.
6. The 4th LAW OF CREATION is the CO-DEPENDENCE LAW which states: "For I to exist, you exist, for you to exist, I exist" - being the primary valid statement which satisfies the argument of EXISTENCE in DIMENSION requiring more than one OBJECT.
7. The 5th LAW OF CREATION is the SPECIALIZATION LAW which states: "For I to exist, you exist as..." - being the primary valid statement arising from the conditions for CREATION which requires specialization for EXISTENCE.
8. The 6th LAW OF CREATION is the GEOLEX LAW which states: "To exist, I use Geolex principles", being the aligned geometric principles of EIKOS Language System in order to have certain shape and therefore PROPERTIES in DIMENSION.
9. The 7th LAW OF CREATION is the AWARENESS LAW which states: "I am aware of my position" - being a primary valid statement which satisfies the argument of VALID OBSERVATION of EXISTENCE in DIMENSION of an OBJECT.
10. The 8th LAW OF CREATION is the NEIGHBOUR LAW which states: "I only interact with my near neighbour OBJECTS of the same LEVEL and PERCEPTION" - being the localization of all MOTION and KINESIS based on PERCEPTION.
11. The 9th LAW OF CREATION is the UNIQUE POSITION LAW which states: "I possess UNIQUE POSITION" - being a fundamental statement which satisfies the laws of RELATIVITY of OBSERVATION of EXISTENCE in DIMENSION.
12. The 10th LAW OF CREATION is the MOTION LAW which states: "To exist, I change position, for you to exist, you change position" - being the necessity of MOTION to both create OBJECT and to guarantee EXISTENCE.
13. The 11th LAW OF CREATION is the CONSERVATION LAW which states: "I seek to conserve my motion to the most stable state" - being the simplicity and imperfect design of all MATTER.
14. The 12th LAW OF CREATION is the GOAL LAW which states: "I cannot travel faster than my fastest rate" - being the first and primary LIMIT of existence by which there exists a FINITE amount of possible MOTION which can never be exceeded.

Canon 146

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of PROPERTIES of the LOGOS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. All OBJECTS and CONCEPTS possess unique PROPERTIES represented by their structure, location and relationship to other OBJECTS and CONCEPTS.
2. All types of PROPERTIES may be defined by the Ucadia Classification System and the Ucadia Symbols System.

Canon 147

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of DA of the LOGOS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. All concepts and their corresponding symbol used within EIKOS are called DA. This is a formal subset of the UCADIAN symbolic language.
2. All DA are categorized in shape and concept to the prime architecture of EIKOS (e.g. Logos, Symeric, Kinesis) within UCADIA.
3. Additionally, some of the more common DA within the EIKOS set have specialized shorthand symbols (SPEC DA).
4. A sub-set of all modifiers, tensors, relators and associators are included within the common use of EIKOS.

Canon 148

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of VARIABLES of the LOGOS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. All known types of LOGOS, NUMERIC, UNISETS and GEOLEX may be represented as unique sets of SYMBOLS representing possible values called VARIABLES.
2. All variables may be defined into only one of two (2) TYPES being OBJECT VARIABLES and THEORETICAL VARIABLES.
3. An OBJECT VARIABLE is any VARIABLE that represents a known OBJECT and/or PROPERTY of an OBJECT defined by the Ucadia Symbols System.
4. A THEORETICAL VARIABLE is any VARIABLE that does not represent a known OBJECT and/or PROPERTY of an OBJECT defined by the Ucadia Symbols System.
5. All VARIABLES naturally inherit the rules and restrictions according to its TYPE (OBJECT or THEORETICAL) and particular use.
6. All variables are specialized and unique to some degree (UNIQUE VARIABLE) depending upon their particular TYPE.
7. All variables are co-dependent to some degree (CO-DEPENDENT VARIABLE) depending upon their particular TYPE.
8. All variables are common and interchangeable to some degree (UNIVERSAL VARIABLE) depending upon their particular TYPE.

Article 19 - NUMERICS Foundation Class

Canon 149

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of NUMERICS of the NUMERICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. NUMERICS is a FOUNDATION CLASS of ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS associated with the study of the principles and rules of definition by which NUMBERS are defined, classified and used in valid statements defined by the EIKOS Language System.
2. NUMERICS is constructed of eighteen [18] ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS including: NUMERICS, NUMBER, UNISET, PERFECT NUMBER, IMPERFECT NUMBER, PERFECT UNIQUE NUMBER, PERFECT SIMILAR NUMBER, PERFECT IDEA NUMBER, IMPERFECT UNIQUE NUMBER, IMPERFECT SIMILAR NUMBER, IMPERFECT IDEA NUMBER, PERFECT RATIO NUMBER, IMPERFECT RATIO NUMBER, GEOMETRIC RATIO NUMBER, SEQUENCE RATIO NUMBER, CONSTANT RATIO NUMBER, COMPLEX RATIO NUMBER and IMPERFECT-PERFECT RATIO.

Canon 150

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of NUMBERS of the NUMERICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. All numbers are both unique concepts and objects in themselves.
2. All numbers may be represented symbolically.
3. All numbers are real by virtue of their existence.
4. The degree of reality of a number is dependent upon the degree to which the number represents real world objects and/or measurements and relationships of real world objects.
5. The set of all numbers may be defined as the UNISET.

Canon 151

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of UNISET of the NUMERICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. All NUMBERS are a SET of 1 (one).
2. All numbers of the UNISET may be defined as existing between the prime numbers of 0 (zero) and 1 (one) by some multiplying degree (ratio).
3. 0 (zero) is a MEMBER of 1 (one) and itself.
4. 1 (one) is a SET and a MEMBER of itself.
5. The SUM of these PROPERTIES is known as the UNISET.
6. If a single individual MEMBER of a SUBSET ceased to exist, the total set being UNISET would cease to exist.
7. The existence of UNISET is therefore dependent on the EXISTENCE of each individual MEMBER of the SET for itself to exist.

Canon 152

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of PERFECT NUMBERS of the NUMERICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. A PERFECT NUMBER is any positive number including zero that can be expressed as a ratio of itself or other positive numbers.
2. Infinity, Six, Two, One and Zero are examples of perfect prime numbers related to themselves, 1 and other numbers.
3. All PERFECT NUMBERS may be defined as either UNIQUE, SIMILAR or IDEA (theoretical).
4. UNIQUE PERFECT NUMBERS- can represent uniquely real objects (e.g.1, 3,5, 7, 9, 11 etc)and are found most commonly in the unique measurement of real objects.
5. SIMILAR PERFECT NUMBERS- can only represent collective real objects (e.g. 2, 4, 6) and are found most commonly as sets of real world objects.
6. IDEA PERFECT NUMBERS- cannot represent real objects (e.g. 2.5)
7. PERFECT NUMBERS are equivalent in part to integers in mathematics as the term incorporates the set of positive numbers. However, as integers may also contain negative numbers, the term Integer is never permitted within Eikos Language System.

Canon 153

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of IMPERFECT NUMBERS of the NUMERICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. An IMPERFECT NUMBER is any positive or negative number excluding zero that cannot be expressed as a ratio of itself.
2. Pi is an imperfect unique number expressing the level of perfection of geometric configuration of perfect numbers in a circle.
3. All imperfect numbers may be defined as either UNIQUE, SIMILAR or IDEA (theoretical).
4. UNIQUE IMPERFECT NUMBERS- can represent uniquely real ratios (e.g. pi, e)
5. SIMILAR IMPERFECT NUMBERS- can only represent collective real ratios (e.g. 180°)
6. IDEA IMPERFECT NUMBERS- cannot represent real ratios or real objects (e.g. -1.2)
7. IMPERFECT NUMBERS are equivalent in part to integers in mathematics as the term incorporates the set of numbers. However, as integers may also contain natural numbers, the term Integer is never permitted within Eikos Language System.

Canon 154

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of UNIQUE PERFECT NUMBERS of the NUMERICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. A UNIQUE PERFECT NUMBER is a number that can be expressed as a ratio of itself uniquely.
2. A UNIQUE PERFECT NUMBER is divisible only by itself and 1.
3. The simplest UNIQUE PERFECT NUMBERS are 0 and 1.
4. The largest UNIQUE PERFECT NUMBER is infinity.
5. All UNIQUE PERFECT NUMBERS are less than the UNISET (total sum of all numbers) ultimately derived from a UNIQUE PERFECT NUMBER.
6. Existence tends towards a UNIQUE PERFECT NUMBER.
7. UNIQUE PERFECT NUMBERS exist within the UNISET as a perfect pattern of randomness called the PRIME (itself an imperfect unique number).
8. The PRIME may be defined as unique pattern of existence of UNIQUE PERFECT NUMBERS and SIMILAR PERFECT NUMBERS within the UNISET related to a multiple ratio of the simplest synergetic number 6.

Canon 155

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of SIMILAR PERFECT NUMBERS of the NUMERICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. A SIMILAR PERFECT NUMBER is a number that can only be expressed as a ratio of itself as a collective of perfect unique numbers.
2. A SIMILAR PERFECT NUMBER is divisible by itself, UNIQUE PERFECT NUMBERS, SIMILAR PERFECT NUMBERS and 1.
3. The simplest SIMILAR PERFECT NUMBER is 2.
4. The largest perfect similar number is one less than infinity.
5. All SIMILAR PERFECT NUMBER greater than two (2) may be defined as the SUM of two (2) PERFECT UNIQUE NUMBERS.
6. Existence is the interaction of UNIQUE PERFECT NUMBERS and SIMILAR PERFECT NUMBERS a tending towards a UNIQUE PERFECT NUMBER.
7. SIMILAR PERFECT NUMBER may be defined as SYNERGETIC. SYNERGETIC are numbers equal to the sum of all their possible divisors except itself. The smallest SYNERGETIC numbers are 6, 28, 496 and 8128.
8. SIMILAR PERFECT NUMBER may be defined as SYMPATHETIC. SYMPATHETIC are two numbers where each is the sum of all the possible divisors of the other. The smallest SYMPATHETIC pairs are (220, 284), (1184,1210) and (17,296 18,416).
9. A SIMILAR PERFECT NUMBER is divisible by two (2) if the last digit is even. A SIMILAR PERFECT NUMBER is divisible by three (3) if the SUM of its digits is divisible by 3.
10. A SIMILAR PERFECT NUMBER is divisible by four (4) if the last two digits are divisible by 4. A SIMILAR PERFECT NUMBER is divisible by five (5) if it ends in 5 or 0.
11. A SIMILAR PERFECT NUMBER is divisible by six (6) if the number is divisible by 2 as well as 3. A SIMILAR PERFECT NUMBER is divisible by eight (8) if the SUM of its last three digits is divisible by 8.
12. A SIMILAR PERFECT NUMBER is divisible by nine (9) if the SUM of its last three digits is divisible by 9. A SIMILAR PERFECT NUMBER is divisible by ten (10) if it ends in zero.
13. A SIMILAR PERFECT NUMBER is divisible by twelve (12) the number is divisible by 3 as well as 4.

Canon 156

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of IDEA PERFECT NUMBERS of the NUMERICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. An IDEA PERFECT NUMBER is a number that cannot express a real OBJECT but can be defined as a ratio of itself and other numbers.
2. An IDEA PERFECT NUMBER is always SIMILAR in its expression of ratio of itself to other numbers as collections of SETS of more than one.
3. An IDEA PERFECT NUMBER cannot be a uniquely expressed ratio NUMBER, as this is the proper classification of a UNIQUE IMPERFECT NUMBER.

Canon 157

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of UNIQUE IMPERFECT NUMBERS of the NUMERICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. An UNIQUE IMPERFECT NUMBER is a number that represents real ratios but can only be expressed as a ratio of itself uniquely.
2. An UNIQUE IMPERFECT NUMBER is divisible only by itself and 1.
3. All UNIQUE IMPERFECT NUMBER may be defined as a DECIMAL. All UNIQUE IMPERFECT NUMBER DECIMAL will always have an INFINITE number of DECIMAL points.
4. The most perfect UNIQUE IMPERFECT NUMBER is Pi.
5. Existence is an UNIQUE IMPERFECT NUMBER.

Canon 158

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of SIMILAR IMPERFECT NUMBERS of the NUMERICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. A SIMILAR IMPERFECT NUMBER is a number that can only be expressed as a collection of real ratios.
2. A SIMILAR IMPERFECT NUMBER is divisible by itself, UNIQUE PERFECT NUMBERS, SIMILAR PERFECT NUMBERS and 1.
3. The simplest SIMILAR IMPERFECT NUMBER is 1 Degree.
4. All SIMILAR IMPERFECT NUMBER may be defined as a FRACTION or a DECIMAL. All FRACTIONS may be converted to a DECIMAL or vice versa.
5. All SIMILAR IMPERFECT NUMBER DECIMAL will always have a FINITE number of DECIMAL points.

Canon 159

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of IDEA IMPERFECT NUMBERS of the NUMERICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. An IDEA IMPERFECT NUMBER is a number that cannot express a real OBJECT nor defined as a ratio of itself in theory as as a collection of perfect unique numbers.
2. The simplest IDEA IMPERFECT NUMBER is -1

Article 20 - UNISET Foundation Class

Canon 160

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of UNISET of the UNISET FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. UNISET is a FOUNDATION CLASS of ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS associated with the study of all principles and rules of definition by which SETS are defined, classified and used in valid statements defined by the EIKOS Language System.
2. UNISET is constructed of sixteen [16] ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS including: UNISET, SET, MEMBER, INFINITY, INHERITANCE, DEPENDENCY, SPECIALIZATION, FOUNDATION SET, FOUNDATION STATE SET, FOUNDATION MOTION SET, FINITE SET SERIES, INFINITE SET SERIES, NATURAL SET SERIES, THEORETICAL SET SERIES, SET LOGOS and SET LOGIC.
3. All CONCEPTS, OBJECTS and NUMBERS are a SET of UNISET.
4. All CONCEPTS, OBJECTS and NUMBERS may be described as a FRACTION of the SET of 0 to 1 to some exponential POWER.
5. 0 is a MEMBER of 1 and itself.
6. 1 is a SET and a MEMBER of itself.
7. The SUM of these PROPERTIES is known as the UNISET.
8. If one MEMBER of the UNISET ceased to exist, the total set being UNISET would cease to exist.
9. The existence of UNISET is therefore dependent on the EXISTENCE of each individual MEMBER of the SET for itself to exist.

Canon 161

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of INFINITY of the UNISET FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. INFINITY is both a unique NUMBER and a SET.
2. INFINITY equals the UNISET less 1.
3. All NUMBERS may be described by the NUMBER INFINITY.
4. All NUMBERS may be described in SETS of degrees of INFINITY.
5. As EXISTENCE depends upon INFINITY + 1, the NUMBER continues to grow at a predictable RATE.
6. INFINITY is the BOUNDARY NUMBER of all REAL NUMBERS. Only the imaginary number of UNISET is greater.

Canon 162

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of INHERITANCE of the UNISET FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. A MEMBER of a SET INHERITS the PROPERTIES of the SET to which it belongs.
2. All OBJECTS of a SET share common PROPERTIES to some degree according to their INHERITANCE of SETS.
3. All OBJECTS of SETS have unique PROPERTIES to some degree according to their specialized INHERITANCE of SETS.

Canon 163

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of FOUNDATION MOTION SET of the UNISET FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. A FOUNDATION MOTION SET is any SET expressed by its DIMENSION and some kind of active MOTION of its ELEMENTS.
2. There are two (2) main kinds of FOUNDATION MOTION SETS, GROWTH and DECAY.
3. A SIMPLE GROWTH SET denotes the statement - "the sum SET of all elements of type [a] by ADDITION as the NUMBER of the SET [t] increases by 1 as the value of type [a] elements increase from value [x] to [z] by method [c]".
4. A SIMPLE EXPONENTIAL GROWTH SET denotes the statement - "the sum SET of all elements of type [a] by MULTIPLICATION as the NUMBER of the SET [t] increases by 1 as the value of type [a] elements increase from value [x] to [z] by method [c]".
5. A SIMPLE DECAY SET denotes the statement - "the sum SET of all elements of type [a] by SUBTRACTION as the NUMBER of the SET [t] increases by 1 as the value of type [a] elements decrease from value [x] to [z] by method [c]".
6. A SIMPLE EXPONENTIAL DECAY SET denotes the statement - "the sum SET of all elements of type [a] by DIVISION as the NUMBER of the SET [t] increases by 1 as the value of type [a] elements decrease from value [x] to [z] by method [c]".
7. The FOUNDATION MOTION SET SYMBOLS of the Eikos Language System are equivalent to the summation and product symbols used by mathematics. .

Article 21 - GEOLEX Foundation Class

Canon 164

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of GEOLEX of the GEOLEX FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. GEOLEX is a FOUNDATION CLASS of ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS associated with the study of principles and rules of definition by which GEOMETRIC SHAPES are defined, classified and used in valid statements defined by the EIKOS Language System.
2. GEOLEX is constructed of forty-six [46] ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS including: GEOLEX, POINT, DIMENSION, CONSTRUCT, PATH, LINE, SHAPE, SURFACE, DISTANCE, AREA, MEASURE, VOLUME, ANGLE, VECTORS, DIRECTION, 2D CONSTRUCTS, 3D CONSTRUCTS, TRI 2D, QUAD 2D, CIRCLE 2D, ELLIPSE 2D, PENTA 2D, HEX 2D, COMPLEX 2D, SPHERE 3D, PRISM 3D, PYRAMID 3D, CUBE 3D, CYLINDER 3D, CONE 3D, ELLIPSOID 3D, PARABOLOID 3D, TORUS 3D, COMPLEX 3D, PERFECT 2D CONSTRUCTS, IMPERFECT 2D CONSTRUCTS, PERFECT 3D CONSTRUCTS, IMPERFECT 3D CONSTRUCTS, FRACTALS, MORPHOLOGY, TIMEFRAME, MODEL, NATURAL GEOMETRIC SHAPE, GEOMETRY, SYMERICS and AXIOMATICS.
3. All elements defined by EIKOS, LOGOS, NUMERICS, UNISSET and GEOLEX may be expressed as a FORMULA of one or more VARIABLES defined by the rules of SYMERICS.
4. All FORMULA defined by the rules of SYMERICS must adhere to the Ucadian Semantic Classification System standard of declaration of DIA (statements of DA) in their formulation and writing.
5. A DIA is a formal declaration of DA (OBJECTS as defined by the Ucadia Classification System and the Ucadia Symbols System).
6. The function of a VALID FORMULA (in terms of structure and flow of variables according to the rules of SYMERICS) may be expressed by only three (3) major types: LINEAR, MATRIX or MULTI-DIMENSION types.
7. All VALID FORMULA under the rules of SYMERICS may be further classified according to three (3) categories defining its primary FUNCTION and SCOPE of APPLICATION including NON-GEOMETRIC NON-NATURAL, NON-GEOMETRIC NATURAL and GEOMETRIC.

Canon 165

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of POINT of the GEOLEX FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. A NUMBER may be described as POINT in POSITION in two or three DIMENSION space.
2. Every POSITION is unique. No two POINTS shall ever occupy the same POSITION.
3. A POINT is uniquely aware of its POSITION in DIMENSION.
4. A POINT can only interact with immediate neighbour points.

Canon 166

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of DIMENSION of the GEOLEX FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. DIMENSION is the existence of one POINT having UNIQUE POSITION relative to more than one other POINT.
2. DIMENSION cannot exist without at least two (2) POINTS.
3. DIMENSION may also be defined as the POSITION observed by the POINT relative to other POINTS.
4. TWO DIMENSION is when less than six (6) POINTS exist in relation to one another.
5. THREE DIMENSION is when six (6) POINTS or more exist in relation to one another.
6. Within the EIKOS Language System there is no such valid concept as more than THREE DIMENSIONS.
7. SPACE is a PROPERTY of POINTS in DIMENSION and not an independent OBJECT.

Canon 167

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of LINE of the GEOLEX FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. A LINE is any THEORETICAL or REAL LENGTH with 0 HEIGHT and 0 WIDTH between two (2) POINTS.
2. A LINE may be only STRAIGHT or CURVED
3. A LINE be CONTINUOUS or SEGMENT. CONTINUOUS is when either the START and/or END POINT are known. SEGMENT is when both the START and END POINT are known.
4. A STRAIGHT LINE is the shortest distance between two (2) POINTS.
5. PARALLEL LINES are two or more LINES in the same DIMENSION that do not meet however far they are extended.
6. A CURVE is any CONTINUOUS or SEGMENT LINE whereby the LINE is comparison to a STRAIGHT LINE is found not to be in PARALLEL.
7. An ARC is a portion of a CURVE.
8. PERPENDICULAR LINES are two LINES in the same DIMENSION that meet at a right ANGLE.
9. A STRAIGHT LINE that intersects a CURVE may be additionally known as a SECANT. The part of the SECANT contained between the points of intersection is a CHORD.
10. No STRAIGHT LINES exist in REALITY. Only in THEORY.
11. All LINES in REALITY are CURVED to some degree.
12. The Simplest example of STRAIGHT (Theoretical) and CURVED (Real) LINE in combination is a PERFECT Circle with the DIAMETER representing the STRAIGHT LINE and the RADIUS representing the CURVED LINE.
13. Within the EIKOS Language System there is no such valid concept as more than THREE DIMENSIONS.
14. SPACE is a PROPERTY of POINTS in DIMENSION and not an independent OBJECT.

Canon 168

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of SHAPE of the GEOLEX FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. All relationships between two or more POINTS create geometric patterns of LINES in two and three dimensional space called SHAPES possessing common and unique properties.
2. A SHAPE exists only when it has clear INTERIOR LINES.
3. No STRAIGHT LINES exist in REALITY. Only in THEORY.
4. The Simplest example of STRAIGHT (Theoretical) and CURVED (Real) LINE in combination is a PERFECT Circle with the DIAMETER representing the STRAIGHT LINE and the RADIUS representing the CURVED LINE.

Canon 169

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of SURFACE of the GEOLEX FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. A SURFACE is an enclosed AREA formed by three or more POINTS in forming a two or three DIMENSION SHAPE.
2. A Two DIMENSION SHAPE may have only one SURFACE.
3. A Three DIMENSION SHAPE may have more than one SURFACE.
4. The simplest two DIMENSION SURFACE is a CIRCLE with one SURFACE.
5. The simplest three DIMENSION SURFACE is a SPHERE with one SURFACE.
6. The total SURFACE AREA of a three DIMENSION OBJECT may be considered by calculating each SURFACE AREA as a two DIMENSION object and then adding the totals for all SURFACES.THA

Canon 170

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of TRIANGLE 2D of the GEOLEX FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. A TRIANGLE is a 2 DIMENSION SHAPE with three (3) corners or VERTICES and three (3) sides or edges formed by the intersection of three (3) LINE SEGMENTS.
2. In 2 DIMENSIONAL THEORETICAL SPACE, any three adjacent non-collinear POINTS will form a unique TRIANGLE in DIMENSION.
3. All TRIANGLES may be defined by both the relative LENGTH of its sides and by its internal ANGLES.
4. For LENGTH: an EQUALATERAL TRIANGLE is when all sides are of equal length. An ISOSCELES TRIANGLE is when only two sides are of equal length and a SCALENE TRIANGLE is when all three sides have different lengths.
5. For Internal ANGLES: a RIGHT ANGLE TRIANGLE has one ANGLE of 90° . An OBLIQUE TRIANGLE has no ANGLE of 90° ; An OBTUSE TRIANGLE has one ANGLE greater than 90° ; and an ACUTE TRIANGLE has ANGLES all of which are less than 90° .
6. The SUM of LENGTHS of any two sides of a TRIANGLE always exceeds the LENGTH of the third side. This is called the TRIANGLE LENGTH INEQUALITY RATIO.
7. The SUM of Internal ANGLES of a TRIANGLE always add up to 180° . The sum of the External ANGLES of a TRIANGLE always adds up to 360° . When the ANGLES of at least two sides of a TRIANGLE collapse to 0° the TRIANGLE becomes LINE SEGMENT.
8. In any RIGHT ANGLE TRIANGLE, the square of the LENGTH of the hypotenuse (opposite side to right-angle) equals the SUM of the squares of the LENGTHS of the two sides forming the right ANGLE.

Canon 171

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of QUAD 2D of the GEOLEX FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. A QUAD is a 2 DIMENSION SHAPE with four (4) corners or VERTICES and four (4) sides or edges formed by the intersection of four (4) LINE SEGMENTS.
2. In 2 DIMENSIONAL THEORETICAL SPACE, any four adjacent non-collinear POINTS will form a unique QUAD in DIMENSION.
3. All QUADS may be defined by both the relative LENGTH and combination as PAIRS of its sides and by its internal ANGLES.
4. For LENGTH: an TRAPEZOID is where no two pair of side are equal. A PARALLELOGRAM is where both pair of opposite sides are PARALLEL. A RHOMBOID is when adjacent sides are unequal and a RHOMBUS is when all sides are equal.
5. For LENGTH when adjacent sides are equal in pairs: A KITE with both pair of sides pointing out from the centre; and DELTOID with one pair of sides pointing inward towards the centre.
6. For Internal ANGLES: a RECTANGLE is a right-angled PARALLELOGRAM. A SQUARE is a right-angled RHOMBUS.

Canon 172

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of CIRCLE of the GEOLEX FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. A CIRCLE is a CURVE in DIMENSION for which all of its POINTS satisfy in DIMENSION a DISTANCE equidistant from a given CENTRE POINT. This LINE is also known as the CIRCUMFRANCE.
2. A CIRCLE is the simplest example of STRAIGHT (Theoretical) and CURVED (Real) LINE in combination with the DIAMETER representing the STRAIGHT LINE and the CIRCUMFRANCE representing the CURVED LINE.
3. A STRAIGHT LINE that intersects a CURVE may be additionally known as a SECANT. The part of the SECANT contained between the points of intersection is a CHORD.
4. The longest CHORD of a CIRCLE which passes through the CENTRE is known as the DIAMETER.
5. A segment of the DIAMETER whereby one end is the CENTRE and the other touches the CIRCUMFRANCE is the RADIUS.
6. The relationship between DIAMETER and CIRCUMFRANCE is always expressed by the ratio $1/\pi$.

Article 22 - SYMERICS Foundation Class

Canon 173

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of SYMERICS of the SYMERICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. SYMERICS is a FOUNDATION CLASS of ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS associated with the study of STRUCTURE, RELATION and QUANTITY expressed as VALID FORMULA. SYMERICS is a main branch of the Eikos Language System.
2. SYMERICS is constructed of twenty four [24] ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS including: SYMERICS, VARIABLE, FUNCTION, SUM, RELATION, DIMENSION, FORMULA, LINEAR FORMULA, MATRIX FORMULA, MULTI-DIMENSION FORMULA, FUNCTION VERSION, SIMPLE THEORETICAL FORMULA, SIMPLE NATURAL FORMULA, SIMPLE NUMERIC FORMULA, SIMPLE UNISET FORMULA, SIMPLE 2D GEOMETRIC FORMULA, SIMPLE 3D GEOMETRIC FORMULA, COMPLEX THEORETICAL FORMULA, COMPLEX NATURAL FORMULA, COMPLEX NUMERIC FORMULA, COMPLEX UNISET FORMULA, COMPLEX 2D GEOMETRIC FORMULA, COMPLEX 3D GEOMETRIC FORMULA and ALGEBRA.
3. All elements defined by EIKOS, LOGOS, NUMERICS, UNISET and GEOLEX may be expressed as a FORMULA of one or more VARIABLES defined by the rules of SYMERICS.
4. All FORMULA defined by the rules of SYMERICS must adhere to the Ucadian Semantic Classification System standard of declaration of DIA (statements of DA) in their formulation and writing.
5. A DIA is a formal declaration of DA (OBJECTS as defined by the Ucadia Classification System and the Ucadia Symbols System).
6. The function of a VALID FORMULA (in terms of structure and flow of variables according to the rules of SYMERICS) may be expressed by only three (3) major types: LINEAR, MATRIX or MULTI-DIMENSION types.
7. All VALID FORMULA under the rules of SYMERICS may be further classified according to three (3) categories defining its primary FUNCTION and SCOPE of APPLICATION including NON-GEOMETRIC NON-NATURAL, NON-GEOMETRIC NATURAL and GEOMETRIC.

Canon 174

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of VARIABLE of the SYMERICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. All known types of LOGOS, NUMERIC, UNISETS and GEOLEX may be represented as unique sets of SYMBOLS representing possible values called VARIABLES.
2. All variables may be defined into only one of two (2) TYPES being OBJECT VARIABLES and THEORETICAL VARIABLES.
3. An OBJECT VARIABLE is any VARIABLE that represents a known OBJECT and/or PROPERTY of an OBJECT defined by the Ucadia Symbols System.
4. A THEORETICAL VARIABLE is any VARIABLE that does not represent a known OBJECT and/or PROPERTY of an OBJECT defined by the Ucadia Symbols System.
5. All VARIABLES naturally inherit the rules and restrictions according to its TYPE (OBJECT or THEORETICAL) and particular use.
6. All variables are specialized and unique to some degree (UNIQUE VARIABLE) depending upon their particular TYPE.
7. All variables are co-dependent to some degree (CO-DEPENDENT VARIABLE) depending upon their particular TYPE.
8. All variables are common and interchangeable to some degree (UNIVERSAL VARIABLE) depending upon their particular TYPE.

Canon 175

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of FORMULA of the SYMERICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. All elements defined by EIKOS, LOGOS, NUMERICS, UNISSET and GEOLEX may be expressed as a FORMULA of one or more VARIABLES.
2. All FORMULA must adhere to the Ucadian Semantic Classification System standard of declaration of DIA (statements of DA) in their formulation and writing.
3. A DIA is a formal declaration of DA (OBJECTS as defined by the Ucadia Classification System and the Ucadia Symbols System).
4. All VALID FORMULA of SYMERICS are constructed of three (3) primary components: FUNCTION, RELATION and SUM and two representations being RESULT (FUNCTION leads to SUM) or RELATION (SUM leads to FUNCTION).
5. A VALID FUNCTION must contain at least one (1) VARIABLE and one OBJECT defined by some formation relationship.
6. A VALID SUM must contain at least one (1) OBJECT or NUMBER. It may also contain the option of including one or more VARIABLES.
7. A VALID RELATION is any valid RELATOR of the Ucadia Symbols System that describes the leading relation between the RESULT (FUNCTION leads to SUM) or the RELATION (SUM leads to FUNCTION).
8. All VARIABLES contained within a formula must be defined by their type (unique, co-dependent or universal) and type.
9. For a formula to function properly, the correct substitution of variables by type and purpose must take place.
10. The function of a formula (in terms of structure and flow of variables) may be expressed as LINEAR, MATRIX or MULTI-DIMENSION types.

Canon 176

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of LINEAR FORMULA of the SYMERICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. A LINEAR FORMULA is any VALID SYMERIC FORMULA where the FUNCTION adheres to the conventions of a two (2) Dimension LEFT to RIGHT FORMULA of the EIKOS Language System.
2. LINEAR FORMULA is one of three (3) Types of FUNCTION of SYMERICS including LINEAR, MATRIX (left-right, top-down, bottom-up) and MULTI-DIMENSIONAL (in-out, around).
3. All valid LINEAR FORMULA are read left to right and must contain at least two (2) VARIABLES defined by a valid RELATIONSHIP.
4. A valid LINEAR FORMULA may not contain MATRIX structure, nor may it contain a MULTI-DIMENSIONAL structure. In both cases, such a FORMULA if valid will be classed as other than a LINEAR FORMULA.

Canon 177

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of SYMERICS-MATRIX FORMULA of the SYMERICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. A MATRIX FORMULA is any VALID SYMERIC FORMULA where the FUNCTION adheres to the conventions of a two (2) Dimension MATRIX structure of the EIKOS Language System.
2. MATRIX FORMULA is one of three (3) Types of FUNCTION of SYMERICS including LINEAR, MATRIX (left-right, top-down, bottom-up) and MULTI-DIMENSIONAL (in-out, around).
3. A MATRIX structure is a rectangular table of ELEMENTS which may be NUMBERS or VARIABLES that can be modified according to any OPERATOR. The horizontal line in a MATRIX are called ROWS and the vertical lines are called COLUMNS.
4. All valid MATRIX structure must declare in its design and identification m ROWS, n COLUMNS, the OPERATORS to be applied to the ELEMENTS, the conditions of such application and the path of reading (left-right, top-down or bottom-up).
5. All valid MATRIX FORMULA must contain at least two (2) ROWS and two (2) COLUMNS of VARIABLES or NUMBERS defined by a valid RELATIONSHIP.
6. A valid MATRIX FORMULA may not contain a MULTI-DIMENSIONAL structure. Such FORMULA are known as MULTI-DIMENSIONAL SYMERIC FORMULA.

Canon 178

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of MULTI-DIMENSIONAL FORMULA of the SYMERICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. A MULTI-DIMENSIONAL FORMULA is any VALID SYMERIC FORMULA where the FUNCTION adheres to the conventions of an n-Dimension DIMENSIONAL structure of the EIKOS Language System.
2. MULTI-DIMENSIONAL FORMULA is one of three (3) Types of FUNCTION of SYMERICS including LINEAR, MATRIX (left-right, top-down, bottom-up) and MULTI-DIMENSIONAL (in-out, around).
3. An N-DIMENSIONAL STRUCTURE is a FUNCTION defined by a RELATIONSHIP map of more than three (3) VARIABLES defined by a MOTION path and at least one (1) OPERATOR to be applied during MOTION.
4. MULTI-DIMENSIONAL permit the expression of simultaneous n-dimensional events being applied to at least three (3) variables.
5. All valid MULTI-DIMENSIONAL FORMULA describing real OBJECTS must be 3-DIMENSIONAL with a GEOMETRIC path and RELATIONSHIP map. However, theoretical FORMULA without real objects permit more than three (3) dimensions.
6. A valid MATRIX FORMULA may not contain a MULTI-DIMENSIONAL structure. Such FORMULA are known as MULTI-DIMENSIONAL SYMERIC FORMULA.

Canon 179

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of SIMPLE THEORETICAL FORMULA of the SYMERICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. SIMPLE THEORETICAL FORMULA is any valid SYMERIC FORMULA that involves no more than three (3) VARIABLES in a SIMPLE LINEAR 2D FORMULA such that the FORMULA shall never apply to a GEOMETRIC nor NUMERIC, nor UNISSET expression.
2. The purpose and function of SIMPLE THEORETICAL FORMULA is primarily to express all possible RELATIONSHIPS between real SETS, OBJECTS and NUMBERS that have no GEOMETRIC expression.
3. There exists six (6) SETS of PROPERTIES in association to the VALID expression of any SIMPLE THEORETICAL SYMERIC FORMULA. These are DEFINITION, SYMBOL, OPERATIONS, EQUALITY, INEQUALITY and EQUIVALENCE.
4. The primary PROPERTY of DEFINITION for all VALID SIMPLE THEORETICAL SYMERIC FORMULA is that any variable defined by a Valid symbol has the same universal meaning wherever it is located within the FORMULA.
5. The primary PROPERTY of SYMBOL for all VALID SIMPLE THEORETICAL SYMERIC FORMULA is that only valid Eikos Symbols of the Ucadia Symbols System are valid and used.
6. There exists only seven (7) OPERATIONS for all VALID SIMPLE THEORETICAL SYMERIC FORMULA is that being ADDITION, SUBTRACTION, MULTI-ADDITION, MULTI-SUBTRACTION, RATIO, EXPONENT ADDITION and EXPONENT SUBTRACTION
7. There exists only three (3) PROPERTY of EQUALITY for all VALID SIMPLE THEORETICAL SYMERIC FORMULA being REFLEXIVE, SYMMETRIC and TRANSITIVE.
8. There exists only three (3) PROPERTY of INEQUALITY for all VALID SIMPLE THEORETICAL SYMERIC FORMULA being REFLEXIVE, SYMMETRIC and TRANSITIVE.
9. There exists only two (2) PROPERTY of EQUIVALENCE for all VALID SIMPLE THEORETICAL SYMERIC FORMULA being SYMMETRIC and TRANSITIVE.

Canon 180

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of SIMPLE NATURAL FORMULA of the SYMERICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. SIMPLE NATURAL FORMULA is any valid SYMERIC FORMULA that involves no more than three (3) VARIABLES in a SIMPLE LINEAR 2D FORMULA which may be applied to real world OBJECTS properties in a non-geometric expression.
2. The SUM of a SIMPLE NATURAL FORMULA must be either zero, or the sum of one or more non-zero terms.
3. The purpose and function of SIMPLE NATURAL FORMULA is primarily to express all possible RELATIONSHIPS within and between SETS that have no GEOMETRIC expression.
4. There exists six (6) SETS of PROPERTIES in association to the VALID expression of any SIMPLE NATURAL SYMERIC FORMULA. These are DEFINITION, SYMBOL, OPERATIONS, EQUALITY, INEQUALITY and EQUIVALENCE.
5. The primary PROPERTY of DEFINITION for all VALID SIMPLE NATURAL SYMERIC FORMULA is that any variable defined by a Valid symbol has the same universal meaning wherever it is located within the FORMULA.
6. The primary PROPERTY of SYMBOL for all VALID SIMPLE NATURAL SYMERIC FORMULA is that only VALID Eikos Symbols of the Ucadia Symbols System are valid and used.
7. There exists only seven (7) OPERATIONS for all VALID SIMPLE NATURAL SYMERIC FORMULA is that being ADDITION, SUBTRACTION, MULTI-ADDITION, MULTI-SUBTRACTION, RATIO, EXPONENT ADDITION and EXPONENT SUBTRACTION
8. There exists only three (3) PROPERTY of EQUALITY for all VALID NATURAL THEORETICAL SYMERIC FORMULA being REFLEXIVE, SYMMETRIC and TRANSITIVE.
9. There exists only three (3) PROPERTY of INEQUALITY for all VALID NATURAL SYMERIC FORMULA being REFLEXIVE, SYMMETRIC and TRANSITIVE.
10. SIMPLE NATURAL FORMULA are equivalent to the mathematical theory of a polynomial being an expression constructed from one or more variables and constants using operators where the sum is either zero or the sum of two (2) or more non-zero terms.

Canon 181

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of SIMPLE NUMERIC FORMULA of the SYMERICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. SIMPLE NUMERIC FORMULA is any valid SYMERIC FORMULA that involves no more than three (3) VARIABLES in which only PERFECT NUMBERS may be used in a SIMPLE LINEAR 2D FORMULA such that the FORMULA is not GEOMETRIC.
2. The purpose and function of SIMPLE NUMERIC FORMULA is to express certain RELATIONSHIPS within and between SETS of PERFECT NUMBERS that have no GEOMETRIC expression.
3. SIMPLE NUMERIC FORMULA may be either FINITE or INFINITE. INFINITE SIMPLE NUMERIC FORMULA are when there are an INFINITE number of solutions. FINITE is when there are only a FINITE number of solutions.
4. The simplest FINITE SIMPLE NUMERIC FORMULA is 1 multiplied by the variable [a] = 2
5. The simplest INFINITE SIMPLE NUMERIC FORMULA is 1 multiplied by the variable [a] = the variable [b]
6. SIMPLE NUMERIC FORMULA are equivalent to the mathematical theory of Diophantine equations whereby an indeterminate polynomial equation exists that permits variables to be integers only.

Canon 182

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of SIMPLE UNISET FORMULA of the SYMERICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. SIMPLE UNISET FORMULA is any valid SYMERIC FORMULA that involves no more than three (3) VARIABLES in a SIMPLE LINEAR or MATRIX FORMULA such that the FORMULA shall never apply to a GEOMETRIC expression.
2. The purpose and function of SIMPLE UNISET FORMULA is primarily to express all possible RELATIONSHIPS within and between SETS that have no GEOMETRIC expression.
3. There exists six (6) SETS of PROPERTIES in association to the VALID expression of any SIMPLE UNISET SYMERIC FORMULA. These are SET, SYMBOL, OPERATIONS, EQUALITY, INEQUALITY and EQUIVALENCE.
4. The primary PROPERTY of SET for all VALID SIMPLE UNISET SYMERIC FORMULA is that there exists more than three (3) VARIABLES belonging to one (1) SET.
5. The primary PROPERTY of SYMBOL for all VALID SIMPLE UNISET SYMERIC FORMULA is that only VALID Eikos Symbols of the Ucadia Symbols System are valid and used.
6. There exists only seven (7) OPERATIONS for all VALID SIMPLE UNISETSYMERIC FORMULA is that being ADDITION, SUBTRACTION, MULTI-ADDITION, MULTI-SUBTRACTION, RATIO, EXPONENT ADDITION and EXPONENT SUBTRACTION
7. There exists only three (3) PROPERTY of EQUALITY for all VALID SIMPLE UNISET SYMERIC FORMULA being REFLEXIVE, SYMMETRIC and TRANSITIVE.
8. There exists only three (3) PROPERTY of INEQUALITY for all VALID SIMPLE UNISET SYMERIC FORMULA being REFLEXIVE, SYMMETRIC and TRANSITIVE.
9. There exists only one (1) PROPERTY of EQUIVALENCE for all VALID SIMPLE UNISET SYMERIC FORMULA being SYMMETRIC and TRANSITIVE.

Canon 183

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of SIMPLE 2D GEOMETRIC FORMULA of the SYMERICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. SIMPLE 2D GEOMETRIC FORMULA is any valid SYMERIC FORMULA that involves no more than five (5) VARIABLES in a SIMPLE LINEAR 2D FORMULA such that the FORMULA always apply to a real GEOMETRIC expression.
2. The purpose and function of SIMPLE 2D GEOMETRIC FORMULA is primarily to express all possible RELATIONSHIPS within and between SETS that have GEOMETRIC expression.
3. There exists six (6) SETS of PROPERTIES in association to the VALID expression of any SIMPLE 2D GEOMETRIC FORMULA. These are GEOLEX, SYMBOL, OPERATIONS, EQUALITY, INEQUALITY and EQUIVALENCE.
4. The primary PROPERTY of GEOLEX for all VALID SIMPLE 2D GEOMETRIC SYMERIC FORMULA is that the FUNCTION and RELATIONSHIPS of the VARIABLES is expressed by at least one valid GEOMETRIC FUNCTION and SHAPE.
5. The primary PROPERTY of SYMBOL for all VALID SIMPLE 2D GEOMETRIC SYMERIC FORMULA is that only VALID Eikos Symbols of the Ucadia Symbols System are valid and used.
6. There exists only seven (7) OPERATIONS for all VALID SIMPLE 2D GEOMETRIC SYMERIC FORMULA is that being ADDITION, SUBTRACTION, MULTI-ADDITION, MULTI-SUBTRACTION, RATIO, EXPONENT ADDITION and EXPONENT SUBTRACTION
7. There exists only three (3) PROPERTY of EQUALITY for all VALID SIMPLE 2D GEOMETRIC SYMERIC FORMULA being REFLEXIVE, SYMMETRIC and TRANSITIVE.
8. There exists only three (3) PROPERTY of INEQUALITY for all VALID SIMPLE 2D GEOMETRIC SYMERIC FORMULA being REFLEXIVE, SYMMETRIC and TRANSITIVE.
9. There exists only one (1) PROPERTY of EQUIVALENCE for all VALID SIMPLE 2D GEOMETRIC SYMERIC FORMULA being SYMMETRIC and TRANSITIVE.

Article 23 - AXIOMATICS Foundation Class

Canon 184

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of AXIOMATICS of the AXIOMATICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. AXIOMATICS is a FOUNDATION CLASS of ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS associated with the study of all principles and rules of definition by which AXIOM are defined, classified and used in valid statements defined by the EIKOS Language System.
2. AXIOMATICS is constructed of thirty-four [34] ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS including: AXIOMATICS, AXIOM, DIMENSION, FUNCTION, SUM, RELATION, SET, LIMIT, SYSTEM, UTILITY, PROOF, SIMPLE HARMONIC AXIOM, SIMPLE DISSONANT AXIOM, SIMPLE DYNAMIC AXIOM, COMPLEX HARMONIC AXIOM, COMPLEX DISSONANT AXIOM, COMPLEX DYNAMIC AXIOM, KINESIS AXIOM, TEKNAS, MEKATICS, KOSMOTICS, GALATICS, STELLATICS, PLANETICS, ERGONICS, BIOTICS, PSYGOS, EKELOS, UNILEX, EKASYS, CIVILA, SYNLEX and CALCULUS.

Canon 185

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of AXIOM of the AXIOMATICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. All valid IDEA may be stated as an AXIOM based on one or more valid SYMERIC FORMULA themselves based on assumptions.
2. All valid AXIOM must adhere to the Ucadia Semantic Classification System standard of declaration of an IDEA (a set constructed from two (2) or more DIA) in their formulation and writing.
3. An IDEA is a formal element and declaration of Argument as defined by the Ucadia Classification System and the Ucadia Symbols System.
4. A Valid AXIOM may be defined as a shorthand declaration of a valid IDEA.
5. All VALID AXIOM of AXIOMATICS are constructed of six (6) primary components: DECLARATION, FORMULA, CONDITIONS, INPUT SET, RESULT SET and EXECUTION.
6. All valid DECLARATION must contain a legend of all Symbols and their corresponding meaning that are used in the AXIOM.
7. All valid FORMULA of an AXIOM must contain at least one (1) VALID FORMULA as defined by SYMERIC.
8. All valid CONDITIONS of an AXIOM must either be blank (not applied), or adhere to the standards of TENSOR definition according to the Ucadia Symbols System and EIKOS.
9. An INPUT SET of an AXIOM is the formal definition of the valid UNISSET to which the AXIOM shall source valid inputs.
10. An OUTPUT SET of an AXIOM is the formal definition of the valid UNISSET to which the AXIOM shall produce results.
11. EXECUTION is the actual application of the AXIOM to use.
12. All AXIOM may themselves be described as a process of INPUTS inserted into a FORMULA to produce an OUTPUT.

Canon 186

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of UTILITY of the AXIOMATICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. The utility of an AXIOM is relative to its PURPOSE, FUNCTION, SCOPE and VALIDITY.
2. All AXIOM are VALID AXIOMS where they adhere to the rules of EIKOS in their construction.
3. All AXIOMS may themselves be described as a process of INPUTS inserted into a FUNCTION to produce an OUTPUT.
4. The SCOPE of an AXIOM is its LIMIT to applicability to certain SETS of EIKOS. There are only six (6) types of SCOPE: - ABSOLUTE, UNIVERSAL, LEVEL, OBJECT SET, UNIQUE and Theoretical.
5. An AXIOM that as a FUNCTION balances INPUTS to OUTPUT according to purpose is in harmony (HARMONIC AXIOM).
6. An AXIOM that as a FUNCTION produces less OUTPUT to INPUTS according to purpose is in decay (DISSONANT AXIOM).
7. An AXIOM that as a FUNCTION produces more OUTPUT to INPUTS according to purpose is in growth (DYNAMIC AXIOM).
- 8 An AXIOM cannot have more than one SCOPE, nor FUNCTION.

Canon 187

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of TEKNAS of the AXIOMATICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. TEKNAS is a sub branch of the Eikos Language System that represents the Valid SET of AXIOM relating to the knowledge of the manipulation of matter and our environment and the models, machines, objects and actions created as a result.
2. All AXIOM of TEKNAS are by definition VALID AXIOM of the Ucadia Classification System as well as the Eikos Language System.
3. All AXIOM of TEKNAS are classified into Key Classes according to SHARED SETS and UNIQUE SETS of AXIOM. SHARED SETS of AXIOM are those axiom which also relate to another branch of Eikos. UNIQUE SETS of AXIOM are unique to TEKNAS.
4. The SHARED SETS of AXIOM for TEKNAS are: KINETICS, ERGONICS, EIKONICS, MEKATICS, KOSMOTICS, GALATICS, STELLATICS, PLANETICS, BIOTICS, HOMOTICS, BIONICS and ROBOTICS.
5. The UNIQUE SET of AXIOM for TEKNAS is MEKATICS. MEKATICS is defined as the formal branch of TEKNAS concerning the construction and use of MACHINES known as MEKA.
6. MEKATICS is divided into six (6) levels: SIMPLE TOOLS, SIMPLE SYSTEMS, COMPLEX MACRO SYSTEMS, COMPLEX MICRO SYSTEMS, POWERED MACRO SYSTEMS and POWERED MICRO SYSTEMS.

Canon 188

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of KOSMOTICS of the AXIOMATICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. KOSMOTICS is a sub branch of the Eikos Language System that represents the Valid SET of AXIOM relating to super large bodied OBJECTS (clusters of GALAXIES), balance, functions and the behaviour of the UNIVERSE.
2. All AXIOM of KOSMOTICS are by definition VALID AXIOM of the Ucadia Classification System as well as the Eikos Language System.
3. All AXIOM of KOSMOTICS are classified into Key Classes according to SHARED SETS and UNIQUE SETS of AXIOM. SHARED SETS of AXIOM are those axiom which also relate to another branch of Eikos. UNIQUE SETS of AXIOM are unique to KOSMOTICS.
4. The SHARED SETS of AXIOM for KOSMOTICS are: LOGOS, KINETICS and ERGONICS.
5. The UNIQUE SET of AXIOM for KOSMOTICS are GALATICS, STELLATICS, PLANETICS and BIOTICS.

Canon 189

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of GALATICS of the AXIOMATICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. GALATICS is a UNIQUE SET of KOSMOTICS that represents the Valid SET of AXIOM relating to the study, rules and behaviour of GALAXIES and inter-galactics bodies across the known UNIVERSE.
2. GALATICS is a sub branch of the Eikos Language System that represents the Valid SET of AXIOM relating to super large bodied OBJECTS (clusters of GALAXIES), balance, functions and the behaviour of the UNIVERSE.
3. All AXIOM of GALATICS are by definition VALID AXIOM of the Ucadia Classification System as well as the Eikos Language System.
4. All AXIOM of GALATICS are classified into Key Classes according to SHARED SETS and UNIQUE SETS of AXIOM. SHARED SETS of AXIOM are those axiom which also relate to another branch of Eikos. UNIQUE SETS of AXIOM are unique to TEKNAS.
5. The SHARED SETS of AXIOM for GALATICS are: KINETICS, ERGONICS, KOSMOTICS, STELLATICS and PLANETICS.
6. The UNIQUE SET of AXIOM for GALATICS is GALATICS.

Canon 190

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of STELLATICS of the AXIOMATICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. STELLATICS is a UNIQUE SET of KOSMOTICS that represents the Valid SET of AXIOM relating to the study, rules and behaviour of SOLAR and inter-stellar systems through the known UNIVERSE.
2. KOSMOTICS is a sub branch of the Eikos Language System that represents the Valid SET of AXIOM relating to super large bodied OBJECTS (clusters of GALAXIES), balance, functions and the behaviour of the UNIVERSE.
3. All AXIOM of STELLATICS are by definition VALID AXIOM of the Ucadia Classification System as well as the Eikos Language System.
4. All AXIOM of STELLATICS are classified into Key Classes according to SHARED SETS and UNIQUE SETS of AXIOM. SHARED SETS of AXIOM are those axiom which also relate to another branch of Eikos. UNIQUE SETS of AXIOM are unique to TEKNAS.
5. The SHARED SETS of AXIOM for STELLATICS are: KINETICS, ERGONICS, KOSMOTICS, GALATICS, PLANETICS and BIOTICS.
6. The UNIQUE SET of AXIOM for STELLATICS is STELLATICS.

Canon 191

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of PLANETICS of the AXIOMATICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. PLANETICS is a UNIQUE SET of KOSMOTICS that represents the Valid SET of AXIOM relating to the study, rules and behaviour of PLANETS, PLANETARY ATMOSPHERES and PLANETARY SURFACES.
2. KOSMOTICS is a sub branch of the Eikos Language System that represents the Valid SET of AXIOM relating to super large bodied OBJECTS (clusters of GALAXIES), balance, functions and the behaviour of the UNIVERSE.
3. All AXIOM of PLANETICS are by definition VALID AXIOM of the Ucadia Classification System as well as the Eikos Language System.
4. All AXIOM of PLANETICS are classified into Key Classes according to SHARED SETS and UNIQUE SETS of AXIOM. SHARED SETS of AXIOM are those axiom which also relate to another branch of Eikos. UNIQUE SETS of AXIOM are unique to PLANETICS.
5. The SHARED SETS of AXIOM for PLANETICS are: KINETICS, ERGONICS, EIKONICS, MEKATICS, KOSMOTICS, GALATICS, STELLATICS, PLANETICS and BIOTICS.
6. The UNIQUE SET of AXIOM for PLANETICS is divided into seven (7) levels: MEKATICS KINESIS, ERGONICS, GEOLEX, ELEMENTS, FUSION and FISSION
7. PLANETARY KINESIS is a class of knowledge within PLANETICS and KINESIS dealing with the motion of planets.

Canon 192

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of ERGONICS of the AXIOMATICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. ERGONICS is a sub branch of the Eikos Language System that represents the Valid SET of AXIOM relating to the calculation, observation, motion and interaction of all ergon objects in fields and bodies.
2. All AXIOM of ERGONICS are by definition VALID AXIOM of the Ucadia Classification System as well as the Eikos Language System.
3. All AXIOM of ERGONICS are classified into Key Classes according to SHARED SETS and UNIQUE SETS of AXIOM. SHARED SETS of AXIOM are those axiom which also relate to another branch of Eikos. UNIQUE SETS of AXIOM are unique to TEKNAS.
4. The SHARED SETS of AXIOM for ERGONICS are: KINETICS, EIKONICS, MEKATICS, KOSMOTICS, GALATICS, STELLATICS, PLANETICS, BIOTICS, PSYGOS, BIONICS and ROBOTICS.
5. The UNIQUE SET of AXIOM for ERGONICS is ERGONICS.
6. ERGONICS is divided into six (6) levels: SIMPLE TOOLS, SIMPLE SYSTEMS, COMPLEX MACRO SYSTEMS, COMPLEX MICRO SYSTEMS, POWERED MACRO SYSTEMS and POWERED MICRO SYSTEMS.

Canon 193

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of BIOTICS of the AXIOMATICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. BIOTICS is a sub branch of the Eikos Language System that represents the Valid SET of AXIOM relating to the study, rules and behaviours of CELLULAR and COMPLEX CELLULAR organisms.
2. All AXIOM of BIOTICS are by definition VALID AXIOM of the Ucadia Classification System as well as the Eikos Language System.
3. All AXIOM of BIOTICS are classified into Key Classes according to SHARED SETS and UNIQUE SETS of AXIOM. SHARED SETS of AXIOM are those axiom which also relate to another branch of Eikos. UNIQUE SETS of AXIOM are unique to BIOTICS.
4. The SHARED SETS of AXIOM for BIOTICS are: KINETICS, ERGONICS, MEKATICS, STELLATICS, PLANETICS, BIOTICS, PSYGOS, BIONICS and ROBOTICS.
5. The UNIQUE SET of AXIOM for BIOTICS is BIOTICS.

Canon 194

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of PSYGOS of the AXIOMATICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. PSYGOS is a sub branch of the Eikos Language System that represents the Valid SET of AXIOM relating to the study of the thought processes and behavior of homo sapiens in their interaction with the environment.
2. All AXIOM of PSYGOS are by definition VALID AXIOM of the Ucadia Classification System as well as the EIKOS Language System.
3. All AXIOM of PSYGOS are classified into Key Classes according to SHARED SETS and UNIQUE SETS of AXIOM. SHARED SETS of AXIOM are those axiom which also relate to another branch of Eikos. UNIQUE SETS of AXIOM are unique to PSYGOS.
4. The SHARED SETS of AXIOM for PSYGOS are: KINETICS, ERGONICS, PLANETICS, BIOTICS, TEKNAS, MEKATICS, PSYGOS, BIONICS, ROBOTICS, EKELOS, UNILEX, EKASYS, CIVILA and SYNLEX.
5. The UNIQUE SET of AXIOM for ANIMUS, PSYGOS are PSYGOS, PSY and ANIGOS.
6. PSY is defined as the unique name given to the unique human awareness. PSY refers to the whole SET of AWARENESS of a human being, including all physical and unseen, measurable and un-measurable components. MIND is a sub-set of PSY.
7. ANIGOS is defined as the science or study of the thought processes and behavior of (non-human) animals in their interaction with the environment.
8. ANIMUS is the unique name given to the unique singular SET of collective PSY human awareness (mind). A PSY is always a sub-set of ANIMUS
9. The PSY-ANIMUS PARADOX is the name given to the irresolvable state whereby a unique human PSY (mind) is separate and distinct and yet also part of the collective PSY (mind) that is ANIMUS.
10. PSYGOS is further classifies PSY into ten (10) major SETS of PROPERTIES by which all human mind and awareness (PSY) may be defined including PSYLEX, PSYVIR, PSYSET, PSYSENSE, PSYCOG, PSYVIEW, PSYMEM, PSYSTATE, PSYBIOS and PSYSTAT .
11. PSYLEX are the primary rules of creation as defined for the state of being human. They are rules which form the basis and relationship of all human interaction as they are the primary laws of creation for the universe
12. PSYVIR are the rules and values (positive and negative) recalled by a PSY (mind) in relation to a conscious moment in time PSYSTATE.
13. PSYSET are sets of emotional templates by which input and new memories are formed. All memory is formed with PSYSET which may be positive, negative or mixed. All PSYSET may trigger MEMORY associated with the same emotional template.

Canon 195

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of BIONICS of the AXIOMATICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. BIONICS is a sub branch of the Eikos Language System that represents the Valid SET of AXIOM relating to the study, knowledge, rules and construction of synthetic enhancements and replacements for biological use.
2. All AXIOM of BIONICS are by definition VALID AXIOM of the Ucadia Classification System as well as the Eikos Language System.
3. All AXIOM of BIONICS are classified into Key Classes according to SHARED SETS and UNIQUE SETS of AXIOM. SHARED SETS of AXIOM are those axiom which also relate to another branch of Eikos. UNIQUE SETS of AXIOM are unique to BIONICS.
4. The SHARED SETS of AXIOM for BIONICS are: KINETICS, ERGONICS, PLANETICS, BIOTICS, TEKNAS, MEKATICS, PSYGOS, BIONICS, ROBOTICS, EKELOS, UNILEX, EKASYS, CIVILA and SYNLEX.
5. The UNIQUE SET of AXIOM for BIONICS is BIONICS.

Canon 196

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of EKELOS of the AXIOMATICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. EKELOS is a sub branch of the Eikos Language System that represents the Valid SET of AXIOM relating to the study of definitions, objects, relationships, patterns and rules of human interaction in the creation, distribution and accumulation of resources.
2. All AXIOM of EKELOS are by definition VALID AXIOM of the Ucadia Classification System as well as the Eikos Language System.
3. All AXIOM of EKELOS are classified into Key Classes according to SHARED SETS and UNIQUE SETS of AXIOM. SHARED SETS of AXIOM are those axiom which also relate to another branch of Eikos. UNIQUE SETS of AXIOM are unique to EKELOS.
4. The SHARED SETS of AXIOM for EKELOS are: KINETICS, ERGONICS, PLANETICS, BIOTICS, TEKNAS, MEKATICS, PSYGOS, BIONICS, ROBOTICS, EKELOS, UNILEX, EKASYS, CIVILA and SYNLEX.
5. The UNIQUE SET of AXIOM for EKELOS is EKELOS. EKELOS is further divided into six (6) branches: GLOBAL, REGIONAL, NATIONAL, CORPORATE, COMMUNITY and HOUSEHOLD.
6. EKELOS is based on the condition that scarcity of means only exists in terms of AWARENESS and AXIOM and that only RESULT based on positive PSYGOS PSYVIR principles are valid.

Canon 197

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of UNILEX of the AXIOMATICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. UNILEX is a sub branch of the Eikos Language System that represents the Valid SET of laws recognising the equality of all people, the rights of society, the balance of social needs and the advanced complexities of modern society.
2. All AXIOM of UNILEX are by definition VALID AXIOM of the Ucadia Classification System as well as the Eikos Language System.
3. All AXIOM of UNILEX are classified into Key Classes according to SHARED SETS and UNIQUE SETS of AXIOM. SHARED SETS of AXIOM are those axiom which also relate to another branch of Eikos. UNIQUE SETS of AXIOM are unique to UNILEX.
4. The SHARED SETS of AXIOM for UNILEX are: KINETICS, ERGONICS, PLANETICS, BIOTICS, TEKNAS, MEKATICS, PSYGOS, BIONICS, ROBOTICS, EKELOS, UNILEX, EKASYS, CIVILA and SYNLEX.
5. The UNIQUE SET of AXIOM for UNILEX is UNILEX. UNILEX is further defined into eleven (11) sub branches including CONSTITUTION, CIVIL, CRIMINAL, JUDICIAL, MILITARY, POLICE, CORPORATE, FINANCE, TRADE, PRISON and HEALTH.

Canon 198

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of EKASYS of the AXIOMATICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. EKASYS is a sub branch of the Eikos Language System that represents the Valid SET of AXIOM relating to the knowledge, methods and systems for the classification, development, storage and use of knowledge and knowledge systems by an entity.
2. All AXIOM of EKASYS are by definition VALID AXIOM of the Ucadia Classification System as well as the Eikos Language System.
3. All AXIOM of EKASYS are classified into Key Classes according to SHARED SETS and UNIQUE SETS of AXIOM. SHARED SETS of AXIOM are those axiom which also relate to another branch of Eikos. UNIQUE SETS of AXIOM are unique to EKASYS.
4. The SHARED SETS of AXIOM for EKASYS are: KINETICS, ERGONICS, PLANETICS, BIOTICS, TEKNAS, MEKATICS, PSYGOS, BIONICS, ROBOTICS, EKELOS, UNILEX, EKASYS, CIVILA and SYNLEX.
5. The UNIQUE SET of AXIOM for EKASYS is EKASYS. EKASYS is further defined into thirteen (13) sub branches including: CLASSIFICATION, DESIGN, OBJECT, TEMPLATE, NEURAL, RELATION, FUNCTION, INPUT, OUTPUT, SYSTEMS, NETWORK, APPLICATION and AGENT.
6. All possible theoretical and real world OBJECTS and FUNCTIONS of any ENTITY may be defined by the EKASYS n-Dimensional Knowledge System.
7. Any entity, no matter how small or complex may be described in terms of a single integrated data architecture consistent with the EKASYS n-Dimensional Knowledge System.

Canon 199

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of CIVILA of the AXIOMATICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. CIVILA is a sub branch of the Eikos Language System that represents the Valid SET of AXIOM relating to the study of definitions, objects, relationships, patterns and rules of human interaction in the creation and function of all types of human settlement.
2. All AXIOM of CIVILA are by definition VALID AXIOM of the Ucadia Classification System as well as the Eikos Language System.
3. All AXIOM of CIVILA are classified into Key Classes according to SHARED SETS and UNIQUE SETS of AXIOM. SHARED SETS of AXIOM are those axiom which also relate to another branch of Eikos. UNIQUE SETS of AXIOM are unique to TEKNAS.
4. The SHARED SETS of AXIOM for CIVILA are: UCALEX, KINETICS, ERGONICS, EIKONICS, MEKATICS, KOSMOTICS, GALATICS, STELLATICS, PLANETICS, BIOTICS, PSYGOS, BIONICS and ROBOTICS.
5. The UNIQUE SET of AXIOM for CIVILA is CIVILA. CIVILA is then divided into several sub branches including CITI, CITIVIR, CITILEX, CITIPLAN, CITIDESIGN and CITISYS.
6. CITI is defined as the primary OBJECT representing a SET of OBJECTS and SYMERIC FORMULA by which a geographic area may be defined as a single FUNCTION equating to a city.
7. The prime CITI OBJECT TYPES (CITIDA) by which all human settlement may be defined are SPACE, STRUCTURE, RESIDENT, CITIZEN, BUILDING, RESIDENCE, CENTRE, AREA, PRECINCT, REGION, STATE and NATION.

Canon 200

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of SYNLEX of the AXIOMATICS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. SYNLEX is a sub branch of the Eikos Language System that represents the Valid SET of AXIOM relating to the knowledge and application of TEKNAS in a CIVILA environment.
2. All AXIOM of SYNLEX are by definition VALID AXIOM of the Ucadia Classification System as well as the Eikos Language System.
3. All AXIOM of SYNLEX are classified into Key Classes according to SHARED SETS and UNIQUE SETS of AXIOM. SHARED SETS of AXIOM are those axiom which also relate to another branch of Eikos. UNIQUE SETS of AXIOM are unique to TEKNAS.
4. The SHARED SETS of AXIOM for SYNLEX are: UCALEX, KINETICS, ERGONICS, EIKONICS, MEKATICS, KOSMOTICS, GALATICS, STELLATICS, PLANETICS, BIOTICS, PSYGOS, BIONICS and ROBOTICS.
5. The UNIQUE SET of AXIOM for SYNLEX is SYNLEX.

Article 24 - KINESIS Foundation Class

Canon 201

The PRIMARY RULES of the ELEMENTAL CONCEPT of KINESIS of the KINESIS FOUNDATION CLASS of the EIKOS Language System are:

1. KINESIS is a FOUNDATION CLASS of ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS associated with the study of principles and rules of definition by which SCIENTIFIC THEOREM are defined, classified and used in valid statements defined by the EIKOS Language System.

2. KINESIS is constructed of ELEMENTAL CONCEPTS including: KINESIS, MOTION, RELATIVITY, MASS, MATTER, FORCE, ENERGIS, ERGONS, ENERGY, TEMPERATURE, ROTATION, VELOCITY, HARMONIC VIBRATION, DENSITY, WEIGHT, STRENGTH, CONDUCTIVITY, RESISTANCE, CORE ORBIT, MID ORBIT, WEAK ORBIT, SINGLE FIELD ORBIT, HARMONIC FIELD ORBIT, OPPOSING FIELD ORBIT, IONIZED FIELD STATE, KINETIC ENERGIS LIMIT, KINETIC HARMONIC RATIO, KINETIC MASS PARADOX, KINETIC RESULT, KINETIC TRANSFER, HARMONIC VOLUME BOUNDARY and IMPERFECT-PERFECT RATIO, ENERGIS MOTION RATIO, FISSION, STRONG NUCLEAR FISSION, WEAK NUCLEAR FISSION, STRONG CHEMICAL FISSION, WEAK CHEMICAL FISSION, FUSION, STRONG NUCLEAR FUSION, WEAK NUCLEAR FUSION, STRONG CHEMICAL FUSION, WEAK CHEMICAL FUSION, COMPRESSION, EXPANSION, REDUCTION, INTEGRATION, INTERVENTION, NEUTRALIZATION and PHYSICS.

2.4 Divine System of Spirit

Article 25 - Divine System of Spirit

Canon 202

The Divine System of Spirit is the system of unique relative personality of Unique Collective Awareness at different levels and locations within existence. There are ten (10) Divine Spirits that are most relevant to the species HOMO SAPIEN, namely: ALL, UNITAS, GAL, SOL, GAIA, CORPUS, ANIMUS, AEON, WE and I AM.

Canon 203

Divine Spirit is equivalent to One Heaven, Divine Spirit, Divine Wisdom and a level of Unique Collective Awareness. Therefore when any of these names are used in accordance with these canons, the names are interchangeable.

Canon 204

The first Spirit of the Divine System of Spirit most relevant to the species of HOMO SAPIEN is ALL being the unique collective Spirit of the absolute, the Unique Collective Awareness, the set of all existence and possibilities.

Canon 205

The second Spirit of the Divine System of Spirit most relevant to the species of HOMO SAPIEN is UNITAS being the unique collective Spirit of the one and only Universe.

Canon 206

The third Spirit of the Divine System of Spirit most relevant to the species of HOMO SAPIEN is GAL being the unique collective Spirit of the MILKY WAY GALAXY.

Canon 207

The fourth Spirit of the Divine System of Spirit most relevant to the species of HOMO SAPIEN is SOL being the unique collective Spirit of the SOLAR SYSTEM and Sun.

Canon 208

The fifth Spirit of the Divine System of Spirit most relevant to the species of HOMO SAPIEN is GAIA being the unique collective Spirit of the planet EARTH.

Canon 209

The sixth Spirit of the Divine System of Spirit most relevant to the species of HOMO SAPIEN is CORPUS being the unique collective Spirit of all cellular life on planet Earth now and which has ever existed.

Canon 210

The seventh Spirit of the Divine System of Spirit most relevant to the species of HOMO SAPIEN is ANIMUS being the collective Spirit of all animal life presently existing on planet Earth and has ever existed on the planet at any time.

Canon 211

The eighth Spirit of the Divine System of Spirit most relevant to the species of HOMO SAPIEN is AEON being the collective Spirit of all higher order life that presently exists on planet Earth and has ever existed on the planet at any time.

Canon 212

The ninth Spirit of the Divine System of Spirit most relevant to the species of HOMO SAPIEN is WE being the collective Spirit of all HOMO SAPIEN Spirits with whom an individual of the species currently interacts, or has ever interacted at any time during their existence.

Canon 213

The tenth Spirit of the Divine System of Spirit most relevant to the species of HOMO SAPIEN is I AM being the unique collective Spirit of an individual of the species.

Article 26 - ALL

Canon 214

The meaning of ALL is Awareness Loves Life. As we are living, we naturally view the answer backwards as Life Loves Awareness (LLA).

Canon 215

Life is a dream, reality is spirit as everything is spirit in motion.

Canon 216

The ALL cannot physically interpose itself twice without collapsing the Universal Dream and all existence. Therefore, only Awareness may intercede.

Canon 217

The ALL (Unique Collective Awareness) is morally neutral.

Canon 218

As the ALL is morally neutral, any claimed personality traits such as jealousy, hate, love, sacrifice and retribution are for a lesser spirit of the AEON.

Canon 219

As such claimed personality traits such as jealousy, hate, love, and retribution are for a lesser spirit of the AEON, any laws founded on a divinity greater in claimed size than the AEON demonstrating such traits are null and void ab initio (from the beginning).

Canon 220

As all laws founded on a divinity greater in claimed size than the AEON demonstrating negative personality traits are null and void ab initio (from the beginning), any claims of authority, magisterium, divine legitimacy derived from these laws are also null and void ab initio.

Canon 221

As the ALL is morally neutral, Hell does not exist, except for those lesser spirits of the AEON who have been tricked or convinced themselves through false beliefs of such torment.

Canon 222

As the ALL is morally neutral, all laws, rules and beliefs assuming the existence of original sin, original debt, or some other burden are false and null and void ab initio (from the beginning).

Article 27 - UNITAS

Canon 223

UNITAS is the unique collective spirit of all UNITA of the singular Universe. While there are many sub-verses, there is only one Universe.

Canon 224

The Universe as UNITAS is co-dependent. If one point of UCA (Universal Spirit) ceased to exist, existence itself would cease. The largest depends on the smallest. Rules protect existence.

Canon 225

The laws of UNITAS (the universal dream) cannot be broken- only focused spirit and skill can temporarily "bend" them.

Canon 226

UNITAS (Unique Collective Awareness of the Universe) is morally neutral.

Canon 227

As the Universe as UNITAS is morally neutral, any claimed personality traits such as jealousy, hate, love, sacrifice and retribution are for a lesser spirit of the AEON.

Canon 228

As the ALL cannot interpose itself twice without collapsing existence, any event attributed to the Universe or ALL as demonstration of retribution, punishment or some other negative or positive personality trait is false.

Article 28 - GAL

Canon 229

GAL is the unique collective spirit of all super sub atomic elements representing all matter and awareness of the Milky Way Galaxy.

Canon 230

The spirit of GAL is part of the greater collective spirit of UNITAS, which is part of the greater collective spirit of ALL.

Canon 231

GAL is the proper name and greater name of the Milky Way in respect and recognition of the unified whole of all the stars, all the gases, all the planets, all the life, all the self-aware life within the galaxy and the galaxy as one living entity.

Canon 232

GAL memory is the memory of the unique existence of the Milky Way and memory of unique position, change, seasons of life and seasons of death. GAL memory is eternal.

Canon 233

GAL Reason is everything the Milky Way. Everything in the Milky Way happens for a reason and purpose. Everything in the Milky Way has meaning. Nothing in the Milky Way has no-purpose. The smallest of objects has a unique and absolute purpose. The smallest to the largest are co-dependent.

Canon 234

GAL (Unique Collective Awareness of the Milky Way) is morally neutral, except in favoring life, particularly higher order life and the growth of awareness.

Article 29 - SOL

Canon 235

SOL is the unique collective spirit of all sub atomic elements and awareness of the Solar System and Sun.

Canon 236

The spirit of SOL is part of the greater collective spirit of GAL, which is part of the greater collective spirit of UNITAS, which is part of the greater collective spirit of ALL.

Canon 237

SOL is the proper name and greater name of the Solar System in respect and recognition of the unified whole of all the planets, all the gases, all the moons, meteorites and asteroid belts, the Sun, all the life, all the self-aware life within the Solar System and the Solar System as one living entity.

Canon 238

SOL memory is the memory of the unique existence of the Solar System and memory of unique position, change, seasons of life and seasons of death. SOL memory is eternal.

Canon 239

The position of planets within the SOL is not simply mechanical, but will of the SOL. If the Sun chose it to be so, the planet Earth could be destroyed in an instant. Yet the Sun chooses of its own free will to value the life, awareness and existence of the planet Earth like a mother to a new born child.

Canon 240

As SOL continues to demonstrate active intelligent will to protect the Earth from great harm, any belief system founded on rules and laws implying negative intent upon the Earth by the Solar System are false and null and void ab initio (from the beginning).

Article 30 - GAIA

Canon 241

GAIA is the unique collective spirit of all atomic elements and awareness of the Planet Earth.

Canon 242

The spirit of GAIA is part of the greater collective spirit of SOL, which is part of the greater collective spirit of GAL, which is part of the greater collective spirit of UNITAS, which is part of the greater collective spirit of ALL.

Canon 243

The stability of conditions upon the surface of the planet Earth is not simply mechanical, but according to the will of GAIA. If GAIA so chose, then great regions of the surface could be rendered uninhabitable, but instead chooses by free will to care for life, nurture and protect life.

Canon 244

As GAIA continues to demonstrate active intelligent will to protect the life and higher order life upon the surface of the Earth from great harm, any belief system founded on rules and laws implying negative intent upon the life on Earth by the GAIA are false and null and void ab initio (from the beginning).

Article 31 - CORPUS

Canon 245

CORPUS is the unique collective spirit of molecular and cellular elements and awareness of planet Earth.

Canon 246

The spirit of CORPUS is part of the greater collective spirit of GAIA, which is part of the greater collective spirit of SOL, which is part of the greater collective spirit of GAL, which is part of the greater collective spirit of UNITAS, which is part of the greater collective spirit of ALL.

Canon 247

The stability of bacterial and viral infections around the earth is not simply mechanical and predictable biology, but according to the collective free will of all single cellular life as CORPUS. If CORPUS so desired, all higher order life could be destroyed through bacterial and viral infection in months. Instead, CORPUS honors higher order life and life in general.

Article 32 - ANIMUS

Canon 248

ANIMUS is the unique collective spirit of all vertebrate complex species life that currently exists and has ever existed on planet Earth.

Canon 249

The spirit of ANIMUS is part of the greater collective spirit of CORPUS, which is part of the greater collective spirit of GAIA, which is part of the greater collective spirit of SOL, which is part of the greater collective spirit of GAL, which is part of the greater collective spirit of UNITAS, which is part of the greater collective spirit of ALL.

Canon 250

All Vertebrate species have triple neural systems and develop some level of self awareness, therefore unique I AM spirit. As Spirit is immortal, all vertebrate species develop a level of spirit that lives beyond their physical bodies.

Canon 251

As beloved pets and companion animals possess developed ANIMUS spirits, their spirits are already immortal and therefore are "in Heaven" when their bodies pass away.

Canon 252

All ANIMUS spirit of vertebrates experience emotions as well as pain and joy of a similar nature through hormone and neuron response.

Canon 253

The transition of ANIMUS when the physical body dies is optimum when death is as peaceful as possible. When extreme cruelty is involved, peaceful transition may be disrupted for significant periods of time.

Canon 254

An ANIMUS spirit may still seek to temporarily occupy space approximating its former body in the state of "animal" ghosts out of positive or negative emotions of spirit.

Canon 255

A location known for extreme cruelty of any kind may remain a location of unsettled ANIMUS spirit for some time with the ANIMUS spirits possibly trapped through the trauma, or the events themselves haunting the location similar to a recording on loop.

Canon 256

Less developed ANIMUS vertebrate forced into a service of cruelty and barbarity can retain such negative traits in death and become what is known as “base spirits” and “base demons”.

Article 33 - AEON

Canon 257

AEON is the unique collective spirit of all advanced higher order life that currently exists and has ever existed on planet Earth.

Canon 258

The spirit of AEON is part of the greater collective spirit of ANIMUS, which is part of the greater collective spirit of CORPUS, which is part of the greater collective spirit of GAIA, which is part of the greater collective spirit of SOL, which is part of the greater collective spirit of GAL, which is part of the greater collective spirit of UNITAS, which is part of the greater collective spirit of ALL.

Canon 259

The oldest stories of civilization are based on the belief that the first higher beings on Earth were exiled alien prisoners.

Canon 260

The oldest stories of civilization are based on the belief that Homo Sapiens were genetically engineered from existing primates by exiled alien prisoners.

Canon 261

The first stories of civilization say that a god (alien prisoner) was slain and some DNA was mixed with primate DNA to create the first humans.

Canon 262

An ancient belief from the beginning of civilization is that the alien gods created the second humans to "be in their likeness", yet these second human beings possessed skills at connecting to the Divine greater than their genetic creators.

Canon 263

An ancient belief from the beginning of civilization is that in order to hide the natural skill of the second humans to connect to the Divine, the alien gods gave us second (evil) soul by educating and corrupting the spirits of the second humans in order to create a second (evil) soul.

Canon 264

It is one of the oldest mysteries of elite initiates that the most powerful arch-demons and arch-angels are the real spirits of the dead alien gods that originally genetically created the Homo Sapien race.

Canon 265

The history of ancient civilization and the history of several major religions can be summarized as the history of relationships between parts of the human race and competing arch-demons demanding worship and sacrifice as the one true "god".

Canon 266

It is one of the oldest and most valuable wisdoms of elite initiates that all Homo Sapiens possess two (2) souls/spirit - one being good and one being evil, with the ability to connect to the Divine through either the "short path" of evil, or the "short path" of good.

Canon 267

Most alleged demons are departed lesser human minds pretending to be demons.

Article 34 - WE

Canon 268

WE is the collective spirit of all HOMO SAPIEN spirits with whom an individual of the species currently interacts, or has ever interacted at any time during their existence.

Canon 269

The spirit of WE is part of the greater collective spirit of AEON, which is part of the greater collective spirit of ANIMUS, which is part of the greater collective spirit of CORPUS, which is part of the greater collective spirit of GAIA, which is part of the greater collective spirit of SOL, which is part of the greater collective spirit of GAL, which is part of the greater collective spirit of UNITAS, which is part of the greater collective spirit of ALL.

Article 35 - I AM

Canon 270

The human soul is the human spirit. The human soul is already immortal and connected to the human body through the human mind - the human soul is not a physical element of the human body.

Canon 271

The spirit of an individual member of the HOMO SAPIEN species exists within the spirit of WE, which is part of the greater collective spirit of AEON, which is part of the greater collective spirit of ANIMUS, which is part of the greater collective spirit of CORPUS, which is part of the greater collective spirit of GAIA, which is part of the greater collective spirit of SOL, which is part of the greater collective spirit of GAL, which is part of the greater collective spirit of UNITAS, which is part of the greater collective spirit of ALL.

Canon 272

The human body represents a vessel into which the Divine as a Majestic Divine Immortal Spiritual Being incarnates.

Canon 273

The human soul, being immortal spirit, cannot be sold, pledged, taken or condemned. Only through trickery and deep belief can a spirit be falsely convinced of servitude. Therefore belief is the greatest weapon for good or evil.

Canon 274

All claims and beliefs over controlling, owning or condemning souls, being immortal spirits are hereby rendered null and void ab initio (from the beginning).

Canon 275

Any law that denies the fact all men and women are unique incarnations of Majestic Divine Immortal Spiritual Beings is hereby rendered null and void ab initio (from the beginning) .

Article 36 - KNOSIS

Canon 276

Wisdom is distinct from ethics.

Canon 277

Belief is the greatest weapon for good or evil.

Canon 278

Ritual is an important aid to strengthening belief but never greater than belief itself.

Canon 279

There is no stronger belief than one based on wise understanding.

Canon 280

The true naming of a thing is its power.

Canon 281

Ritual Evil is the Short Path to Divine inspiration for ignorant, criminal and weak lesser minds.

Canon 282

Ritual Good is the Short Path to the strongest Divine inspiration for wise and strong minds.

Canon 283

Belief of one or more human beings is so strong, it can entrap souls in the hereafter.

Canon 284

Belief of one or more human beings is so strong, it can manifest things through awareness.

Canon 285

Ritual is useless unless it is believed by the living and the departed minds being contacted.

Canon 286

The most powerful negative utterance of belief is a solemn curse, which when returned dooms the maker or their heirs.

Canon 287

The most powerful positive utterance of belief is an unconditional blessing for another, which when returned blesses the maker and their heirs.

Canon 288

Once created in Spirit, something cannot be unmade in Spirit.

Canon 289

As a solemn curse cannot be unmade, it can only be matured, so that it returns upon the maker or their heirs.

Canon 290

The strength of magic books and religious icons is never the claimed spells and rituals, which are usually false, but their capacity to trick the living and deceased into believing they are true.

